

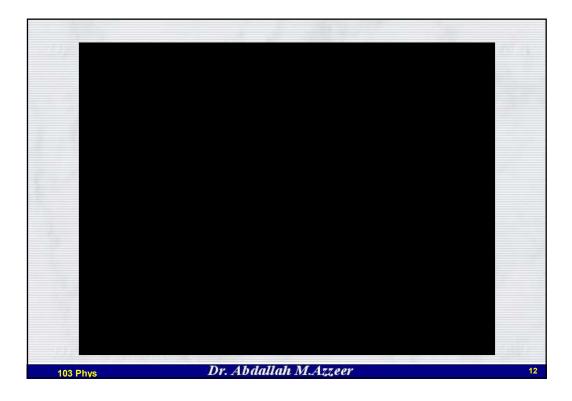




Length:	
[0:m.]1]2]3]4]5]6]7]8]9]10]1	1
Distance Length	ı (m)
Radius of visible universe	1 x 10 <sup>26</sup>
To Andromeda Galaxy	2 x 10 <sup>22</sup>
To nearest star	4 x 10 <sup>16</sup>
Earth to Sun	1.5 x 10 <sup>11</sup>
Radius of Earth	6.4 x 10 <sup>6</sup>
Sears Tower	4.5 x 10 <sup>2</sup>
Football field	1.0 x 10 <sup>2</sup>
Tall person	2 x 10 <sup>0</sup>
Thickness of paper	1 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>
Wavelength of blue light	4 x 10 <sup>-7</sup>
Diameter of hydrogen atom	1 x 10 <sup>-10</sup>
Diameter of proton	1 x 10 <sup>-15</sup>
103 Phys Dr. Abdallah M.	4zzeer

<u>Time:</u>		, 12 9 3 
Interval	Time (s)	
Age of universe	5 x 10 <sup>17</sup>	
Age of Grand Canyon	3 x 10 <sup>14</sup>	
32 years	1 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	
One year	3.2 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	
One hour	3.6 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
Light travel from Earth to Moon	1.3 x 10 <sup>0</sup>	
One cycle of guitar A string	2 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	
One cycle of FM radio wave	6 x 10 <sup>-8</sup>	
Lifetime of neutral pi meson	1 x 10 <sup>-16</sup>	
Lifetime of top quark	4 x 10 <sup>-25</sup>	

	Mass:	(The
Object	Mass (kg)	1. Startes
Milky Way Galaxy	4 x 10 <sup>41</sup>	
Sun	2 x 10 <sup>30</sup>	ANALASINA
Earth	6 x 10 <sup>24</sup>	
Boeing 747	4 x 10 <sup>5</sup>	1.5
Car	1 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	
Student	7 x 10 <sup>1</sup>	
Dust particle	1 x 10 <sup>-9</sup>	
Top quark	3 x 10 <sup>-25</sup>	
Proton	2 x 10 <sup>-27</sup>	
Electron	9 x 10 <sup>-31</sup>	
Neutrino	1 x 10 <sup>-38</sup>	-7.

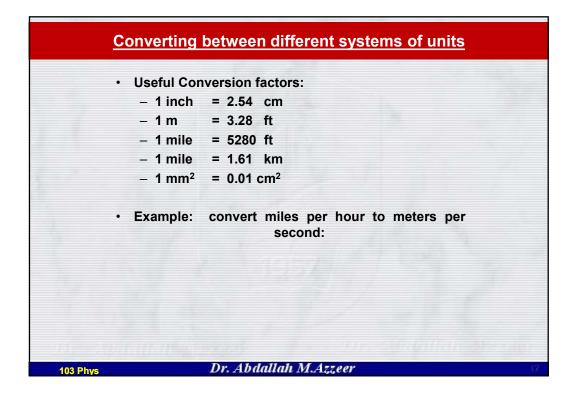






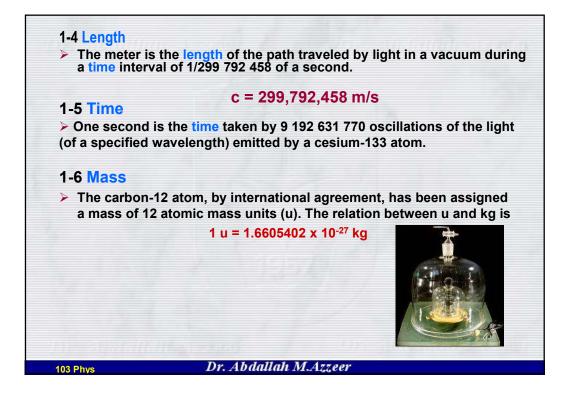
Quantity	SI Units	Symbol
Length	meter	m
Mass	kilogram	kg
Time	second	S
Electric current	ampere	Ι
Temperature	kelvin	K
Luminous Intensity	candela	cd
Amount of Substance	mol	mol

Quantity	Unit	Abbreviation	In terms of Base Units
Force	Newton	N	kg ms <sup>-2</sup>
Energy & Work	Joule	J	kg m <sup>2</sup> s <sup>-2</sup>
Power	Watt	W	kg m <sup>2</sup> s <sup>-3</sup>
Pressure	Pascal	Pa	kg / (ms <sup>2</sup> )
Electric Charge	Coulomb	С	As
Electric Potential	Volt	V	kg m <sup>2</sup> / (A s <sup>3</sup> )
Capacitance	Farad	F	A <sup>2</sup> s <sup>4</sup> / (kg m <sup>2</sup> )
Inductance	Henry	Н	kg m <sup>2</sup> / (s <sup>2</sup> A <sup>2</sup> )
Magnetic Flux	Weber	Wb	kg m <sup>2</sup> / (A s <sup>2</sup> )



Factor 10 <sup>-1</sup>	Prefix	Symbol	Factor 10 <sup>1</sup>	Prefix	Symbol
	deci	d		deka	da
10 <sup>-2</sup>	centi	С	10 <sup>2</sup>	hecto	h
<b>10</b> <sup>-3</sup>	milli	m	10 <sup>3</sup>	kilo	k
10-6	micro	m	10 <sup>6</sup>	Mega	М
10 <sup>-9</sup>	nano	n	10 <sup>9</sup>	Giga	G
10-12	pico	р	10 <sup>12</sup>	Tera	Т
<b>10</b> <sup>-15</sup>	femto	f	10 <sup>15</sup>	Peta	Р
10 <sup>-18</sup>	atto	a			

even quan	tities as base	quantities, the	ereby forming th	e basis of the
nternational	I System of Ur	nits, abbreviate	d SI from its Fro	ench name and
opularly kn	own as the <i>me</i>	tric system.		
		Some SI Bas	e Units	
	Quantity	Unit Nama	Unit Symbol	
	- ·		•	
	<u> </u>	meter	m	
	Time	second	S	
	Mass	kilogram	kg	



	specific	meaning -	it denote:	s the physica
nature of a quanti		g	in demoto	e ale physica
<ul> <li>Dimensions are d</li> </ul>		th square b	rackets	
- Length [L]		21		
– Mass [M]				
Time [T]				
<ul> <li>Time [T]</li> <li>ensions and Units</li> <li>in dimension can have ma</li> <li>e derived quantities</li> <li>Dimensions and Units</li> </ul>	of Four D	erived Quan	tities	
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ensions and Units n dimension can have ma e derived quantities Dimensions and Units	of Four D Area L <sup>2</sup>	Derived Quan Volume L <sup>3</sup>	tities	Acceleration L/T <sup>2</sup>
ensions and Units n dimension can have ma e derived quantities Dimensions and Units Quantity	of Four D Area	erived Quan Volume	itities Speed	Acceleration