King Saud University, College of Sciences
Mathematical Department.

Mid-Term 2/S1/2016
Full Mark: 25. Time 1H30mn
28/12/2016

Question $1[4,4]$ a) Find the largest interval for which the following initial value problem has a unique solution

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
\left(x^{2}-4\right) y^{\prime \prime}+x y^{\prime}+2 y=\ln x \\
y(3)=1, y^{\prime}(3)=2
\end{array}\right.
$$

b) Solve the nonhomogeneous differential equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+y=\csc x, x \in\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right.
$$

Question $2[4,3]$. a) Show that $y_{1}=\sin x$ is a solution of the differential equation

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+(3 \tan x) y^{\prime}-2 y=0, \quad x \in\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)
$$

Find the second solution, then obtain the general solution.
b) Show whether the functions

$$
f_{1}(x)=x, \quad f_{2}(x)=x \ln x
$$

are linearly independent or linearly dependent on $(0, \infty)$.
Question 3 [5] Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$
x^{2} y^{\prime \prime}-2 x y^{\prime}+2 y=x^{3} \ln x ; \quad x>0 .
$$

Question 4 [5] Solve the following linear system of differential equations.

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
x^{\prime}=-x+3 y+e^{t} \\
y^{\prime}=-2 x+4 y .
\end{array}\right.
$$

