

PHYSICS 502
3rd HOMEWORK
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Hand in: Sunday 31st March 2013

1. When a single mode laser field with a frequency ω_L , which is very close to the transition frequency ω_0 between two certain atomic levels then the atom can be considered to a very good approximation as a *two-level* atom (see figure below). In this case the quantum mechanical density matrix is the 2×2 matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \rho_{11} & \rho_{12} \\ \rho_{21} & \rho_{22} \end{bmatrix}$$

where the diagonal elements ρ_{11} , ρ_{22} represents the populations of the two states 1 and 2, thus:

$$\rho_{11}(t) + \rho_{22}(t) = 1. \quad (1)$$

The off-diagonal elements represent the so called *coherences* and they satisfy the condition $\rho_{12} = \rho_{21}^*$. The density matrix elements, after some elaboration, satisfy the following equations, known as *optical Bloch equations*:

$$\frac{d\rho_{22}(t)}{dt} = G\rho_{12}(t) + G^*\rho_{21}(t) \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{d\rho_{11}(t)}{dt} = -G\rho_{12}(t) - G^*\rho_{21}(t) \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{d\rho_{12}(t)}{dt} = G^*\rho_{11}(t) + G\rho_{22}(t) + i\Delta\rho_{12}(t) \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{d\rho_{21}(t)}{dt} = G\rho_{11}(t) + G^*\rho_{22}(t) - i\Delta\rho_{12}(t) \quad (5)$$

Where $\Delta = \omega_L - \omega_0$ is the so called *detuning* and G is the so called *Rabi frequency*, which determines the strength of the interaction between the laser and the atom.

(a) Apply Laplace transforms to equations (1) to (5).

- (b) Solve the system which you get from question (a) and get the expressions for the Laplace transformed density matrix elements, $\rho_{11}(s)$, $\rho_{22}(s)$, $\rho_{12}(s)$ and $\rho_{21}(s)$.
- (c) Apply inverse Laplace transforms and get the time dependent form of the density matrix elements.

