

$$\textcircled{d} \quad |z+1| > 1 \Rightarrow 0 < \left| \frac{1}{z+1} \right| < 1 \Rightarrow \sum \left(\frac{1}{z+1} \right)^j = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{z+1}} \quad \textcircled{6}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \frac{1}{z(z+1)} &= \frac{1}{z+1} \left[\frac{1}{z+1-1} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{(z+1)^2} \left[\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{z+1}} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{(z+1)^2} \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{z+1} \right)^j \\ &= \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (z+1)^{j-2} \\ &= \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (z+1)^{-j} \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{3)} \quad \frac{z}{(z+1)(z-2)} = \frac{(\frac{1}{3})}{z+1} + \frac{(\frac{2}{3})}{z-2}$$

$\textcircled{a} \quad |z| < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1-z} = \sum z^j$
 مجموع قوى z من 0 إلى ∞

$$\therefore \frac{z}{(z+1)(z-2)} = \frac{\frac{1}{3}}{z+1} + \frac{(\frac{2}{3})}{z-2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1}{1-(-z)} \right] + \frac{2}{3} \left[\frac{1}{-2(1-\frac{z}{2})} \right] \quad \left(\because |z| < 1 \Rightarrow \left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < \frac{1}{2} < 1 \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-z)^j + \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{2} \right)^j$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j z^j - \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} z^j / 2^j$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (-1)^j - 2^{-j} z^j$$

$\textcircled{b} \quad 1 < |z| < 2 \quad (1 - (-\frac{1}{z}))$

$$\therefore \frac{z}{(z+1)(z-2)} = \frac{(\frac{1}{3})}{(z+1)} + \frac{(\frac{2}{3})}{(z-2)} = \frac{1}{3} \left[\frac{1}{-z(1+\frac{1}{z})} \right] + \frac{(\frac{1}{3})}{-2(1-\frac{z}{2})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3z} \cdot \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left(-\frac{1}{z} \right)^j + \frac{1}{3} \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \left(+\frac{z}{2} \right)^j$$

as $\left| \frac{1}{z} \right| < 1$

as $\left| \frac{z}{2} \right| < 1$