

## Exp.8: characteristics of FET

### 1-Objectives:

- Output characteristics field with  $V_{GS}$  as parameter.
- Input characteristic with  $V_{DS}$  as parameter.

### 2-Circuit elements:

- Resistor  $1\text{ k}\Omega$
- Potentiometer  $1\text{ k}\Omega$
- FET transistor BF244
- Multimeter
- Power supply unit
- Set of connecting leads

### 3-Circuit Diagram:

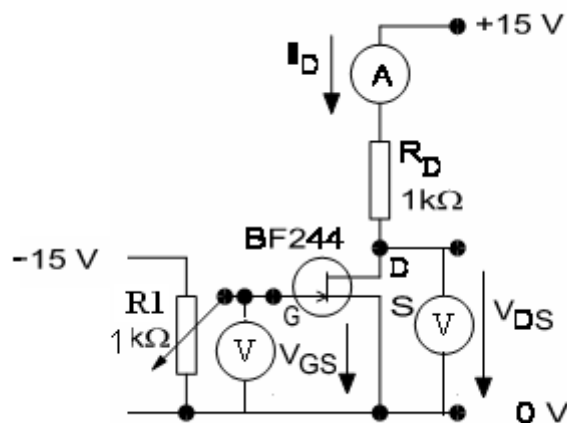


Fig.1

#### **4-Procedure:**

1. Connect the circuit as shown in Fig.1.
2. Using R1, apply a gate voltage of  $V_{GS} = -1.3$  and measure the drain currents  $I_D$  corresponding to the drain voltages  $V_{DS}$  in Table 1. Enter the values in the first column of the table.

$V_{GS}$	-1.3 V	-1.0 V	-0.6 V	-0.3 V	0.0 V
$\frac{V_{DS}}{V}$	$\frac{I_D}{mA}$	$\frac{I_D}{mA}$	$\frac{I_D}{mA}$	$\frac{I_D}{mA}$	$\frac{I_D}{mA}$
0.2					
0.5					
1.0					
2.0					
3.0					
5.0					
7.0					
10.0					
12.0					

Table :1

3. Sketch the graphs of this relationship in the coordinate system .Table 1 contains several columns for various gate voltages.
4. Measure the drain current values for the corresponding drain voltages and plot the graphs in the same coordinate system.

5. The relationship between  $I_D$  and  $V_{GS}$  can be taken from the individual rows, i.e. for each pair of values ( $V_{GS}/I_D$ ) there is a specific drain voltage  $V_{DS}$ .
6. Draw an input characteristic for the values in the row  $V_{DS} = 3 \text{ V}$  in Table 1.

### **5-Questions:**

- 1 Describe the construction of a JFET?
- 2 What are the advantages of JFET over BJT?
- 3 Explain the mechanism of its operation?