BCH 462 Biotechnology & Genetic engineering [Practical]

Lab (0) Introduction

Marks distribution

| Tasks | Marks |
|----------------|----------|
| Lab assignment | 6 Marks |
| Quiz | 5 Marks |
| Homework | 3 Marks |
| Practical | 1 Mark |
| Final | 15 Marks |
| Total | 30 Marks |

Final exam ...

Writing a scientific report

- > The scientific reports (Lab assignment) should contain the following:
- 1. Materials and method (Experimental): Written as methodology.
- 2. Results: This section states what you found. Tables, graphs or calculation should be included.
- 3. Discussion:
 - In this section you are required to describe of **what happened** in the experiment [Principle].
 - Explain your results (reasons for **why** you get your results).
 - Make conclusions by comparing your results to **expected values**.
 - In case of unexpected results, justify or **explain** the reasons why you have obtained such results.

"The Discussion must answer the question "What do the results mean?" It is an argument based on the results."

> When writing an assignment, consider the following:

- Write **references**.
- Write table/figure **legend** and **title**.
- **Justify** the text.
- Font: Times New Roman.
- Size: title: 16 pt., subtitle: 14 pt. and body: 12 pt.

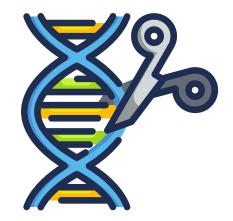
Biotechnology

 Biotechnology is a technology that utilizes <u>biological systems</u>, <u>living organisms</u> or <u>parts</u> of this to develop or create different products.

Pause and Think is biotechnology considered as a modern field?

Applications:

- Medicine
- Industry
- Agriculture
- Forensic
- Environment



Genetic engineering

• Genetic engineering is the process by which scientists <u>modify the genome of an organism</u>.

This modification of genetic material will produce:

- Organisms with <u>desired heritable traits</u> or characteristics.
- Could have some potential risks, for example, the inserted genes may have unexpected harmful effects.

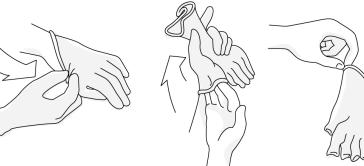
General lab safety

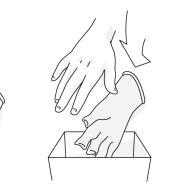
- Keep a safe distance.
- Never leave the lab without informing the instructor.
- You <u>must know</u> all lab exits, eye washer, fire extinguisher, and first aid kit provided in the lab.
- <u>Never</u> eat, drink or chew gum in the lab. Do not taste, smell or touch any chemical.
- Tie your hair before doing an experiment.
- Closed-toed shoes should be worn <u>at all times</u>.
- Wash your hands with <u>disinfectant soap</u> after an experiment.

Protective personal equipment:

- Place your bag in the correct area.
- Protective gloves and glasses should be worn when handling hazardous materials.
- Lab coat and masks should be worn at all time in the lab.

The proper way of removing gloves:



















Aims:

- 1. Preventing contaminant organisms from getting into your cultures.
 - Contamination sources e.g. the air and unsterile equipment.
- 2. Preventing any organisms or accidental contaminants from getting out or Escape from cultures

Procedure:

Ahead of experiment:

- The media and glassware must be **autoclaved** in steam at 121°C for 20 min.
- Mouths of culture tubes, inoculating hoops and spreaders must be flamed using a Bunsen burner.
 Afterwards:
- Used pipettes and discarded tubes must be disposed of into disinfectant.
- ✤ Always wash your hands and spray with 70% ethanol or wear gloves.

Sources of information



https://www.dropbox.com/sh/lxl4iex153oq7m1/AACF8fuS-PCOZYceQVhRdO1ia?dl=0