Differential and Integral Calculus (MATH-205) MT Exam/Semester I (2022-23) Time Allowed: 120 Minutes **Date:** Monday, October 10, 2022 **Maximum Marks:** 30

Note: Attempt all SIX questions and give detailed solutions. Read statements of the questions carefully and make sure you have answered each question completely.

Question 1: (4°) Determine whether the following sequence converges or diverges. Find its limiting value as $n \to \infty$.

$$\left\{\left(1+\frac{7}{8n^3}\right)^{n^3}\right\}_{n=1}^{\infty}$$

Question 2: (5°) Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \ln\left(\frac{n}{n+1}\right)$ converges or diverges. Find its sum, if it converges.

Question 3: (3°) Determine whether the infinite series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n \tan \frac{1}{n}$ converges or diverges. Is it a positive term series?

Question 4: (6°) Find the power series representation of $f(x) = \frac{1+x}{(1-x)^2}$. Find interval of convergence of this series. Hence, find the sum of the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{2n+1}{2^n}$.

Question 5: (6°) Approximate $\int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} x^2 \cos x^3 dx$ using first four non-zero terms of the Maclaurin series. Find the exact value of the definite integral and the absolute error. Use 5 decimal point accuracy in your working.

Question 6: (6°) Given points A(4, 2, 3), B(8, 1, 8), C(6, 4, 7), and D(12, 5, 5). Find (i) the angle (in degrees) between \overrightarrow{AB} and \overrightarrow{CD} , (ii) the component of \overrightarrow{CD} along \overrightarrow{AB} and vice versa, (iii) a vector of magnitude $\sqrt{2}$ in the direction of \overrightarrow{AC} , and (iv) find k if the magnitude of \overrightarrow{AE} is $\sqrt{17}$, where $E(k, -1, \frac{1}{3})$.

--- Good Luck ---