

PHYS 502
HANDOUT 5 – Bessel Functions

1. Show that $J_{-n}(x) = (-1)^n J_n(x)$ (n , integer).
 (Arf. p. 576)

2. Show that $J_{n-1}(x) - J_{n+1}(x) = 2J'_n(x)$
 (Arf. p. 576)

3. Show that $d/dx [x^{-n} J_n(x)] = -x^{-n} J_{n+1}(x)$.
 (Arf. p. 577)

4. Show what happens in the Bessel equation when $x=k\rho$.
 (Arf. p. 578)

5. Show the integral representation of the Bessel equation.
 (Arf. p. 579)

6. Show that $J_0(x) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} e^{ix \cos \theta} d\theta$.
 (Arf. p. 580)

7. Estimate the integral which appears in the study of Fraunhofer diffraction through a circular aperture of radius a . The parameter b is given by $b = (2\pi / \lambda) \sin \phi$, where ϕ is the angle defined by a point on a screen below the circular aperture relative to the normal through the center point.

$$\Phi \approx \int_0^a \int_0^{2\pi} e^{ibr \cos \theta} d\theta r dr.$$

(Arf. p. 580)

8. Show the following recurrence relation for the spherical Bessel function:

$$j_{n-1}(x) + j_{n+1}(x) = \frac{(2n+1)}{x} j_n(x)$$

(Arf. p. 628)

9. Show that:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} [j_n(x)]^2 dx = \frac{\pi}{2n+1},$$

(Arf. p. 631)

10. Show that: $K_{-v}(x) = K_v(x)$.

11. Verify the following: $e^x = I_0(x) + 2 \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} I_n(x)$.

(Arf. p. 613)

12. Derive the Jacobi-Anger relation: $e^{iz \cos \theta} = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} i^m J_m(x) e^{im\theta}$. This is an expansion of a plane wave in a series of cylindrical waves.

(Arf. p. 585)

13. Show that the recurrence relation

$$J'_n(x) = \frac{1}{2} [J_{n-1}(x) - J_{n+1}(x)]$$

follows directly from differentiation of

$$J_n(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(n\theta - x \sin \theta) d\theta$$

(Arf. p. 589)