

المقدمة

مل

والله

دليل الساب

لأرضيات

دليل الساب وأرضيات من دونها

4.11 دليل الساب نحو أرضيات مع تـ 5

2, 3, 5

4.12, 4.13, 4.14

تحليل التباين



يهدف بالمقارنة بين عدة متوسطات تتجاف عندها μ ، وعلى افتراض أن المتغير له توزيع طبيعي وتباينات متساوية والبيانات مستقلة
تحليل التباين له عدة أنواع

تحليل التباين في اتجاه واحد

وهو دراسة أثر عامل واحد A على المتغير Y ، بحيث هذا العامل A له عدة أنواع (مستويات) مختلفة ونقسم بالمعاملات treatments.

السؤال عليه يكون: هل يوجد فروق معنوية بين المعاملات difference
في التأثير على متوسط Y ؟

تحليل التباين في اتجاهين

وهو دراسة أثر عاملين (عامل A ، عامل B) على المتغير Y ، بحيث مستويات العامل A تنقسم بالمعاملات ومستويات العامل B تنقسم بالمعاملات blocks.

السؤال عليه يكون: هل يوجد فروق معنوية بين المعاملات في التأثير على متوسط Y ؟
هل المقامات ؟

مع التفاعل بين العاملين

بدون تفاعل بين العاملين

عاملات
Factor A or treatments of factor A

	1	2	...	a	
	y_{11}	y_{21}		y_{a1}	
	y_{1n}	y_{2n}		y_{an}	
total	$T_{1.}$	$T_{2.}$		$T_{a.}$	$T_{..}$

$$T_{..} = \sum_i \sum_j y_{ij} = \sum_i T_{i.}$$

$$T_{i.} = \sum_j y_{ij}$$

$$N = n_1 + n_2 + \dots + n_a$$

Source	DF	SS	MS	F	P-value
Factor A	$a-1$	SSA or SSTr	$MSA = \frac{SSA}{a-1}$ or $MSTr$	$F = \frac{MSA}{MSE}$	P
Error	$N-a$	SSE	$MSE = \frac{SSE}{N-a}$		
Total	$N-1$	SST			

$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_a$ vs $H_1: \text{not all } \mu_i \text{ are equal}$

$$F = \frac{MSA}{MSE} \sim F_{a-1, N-a}$$



تحليل التباين في اتجاه واحد

$$SST = SSA + SSE$$

$$\sum_i \sum_j y_{ij}^2 - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N} = \sum_i \frac{T_{i.}^2}{n_i} - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N}$$

عملية: نحدد نفس الدرجة من المعنوية

stat \rightarrow ANOVA \rightarrow one-way (unstacked)

انقل ثم اكتب عنه confidence level
(1- α) 100%

ثم ok

Factor A or treatments of Factor A

التباين في اتجاهين من دون تفاعل

Factor B
or
blocks of
Factor B

	1	2	...	i	...	a	total
1	y_{11}	y_{12}				y_{1a}	$T_{1.}$
2	y_{21}	y_{22}				y_{2a}	$T_{2.}$
...							
b	y_{b1}	y_{b2}				y_{ba}	$T_{b.}$
total	$T_{.1}$	$T_{.2}$				$T_{.a}$	$T_{..}$

$$T_{..} = \sum_i \sum_j y_{ij} = \sum_i T_{i.} = \sum_j T_{.j}$$

$$T_{i.} = \sum_j y_{ij}$$

$$T_{.j} = \sum_i y_{ij}$$

$$N = a \times b = \text{عدد الملاحظات}$$

Source	DF	SS	MS	F	p-value
Factor A	a-1	SSA or SSTr	$MSA = \frac{SSA}{a-1}$ or $MSTr$	$F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSE}$	P_A
Factor B	b-1	SSB or SSbk	$MSB = \frac{SSB}{b-1}$ or $MSbk$	$F_B = \frac{MSB}{MSE}$	P_B
Error	(a-1)(b-1)	SSE	$MSE = \frac{SSE}{(a-1)(b-1)}$		
Total	N-1 = ab-1	SST			

$$SST = (SSA + SSB)$$

$$SST = SSA + SSB + SSE$$

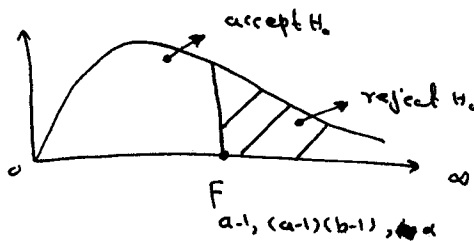
$$\sum_i \sum_j y_{ij}^2 - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N}$$

$$\sum_i \frac{T_{i.}^2}{b} - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N}$$

$$\sum_j \frac{T_{.j}^2}{a} - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N}$$

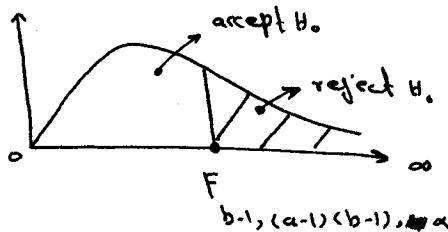
For Factor A: $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_a$ vs H_1 : not all μ_i are equal

$$F_A \sim F_{a-1, (a-1)(b-1)}$$



For Factor B: $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_b$ vs H_1 : not all μ_j are equal

$$F_B \sim F_{b-1, (a-1)(b-1)}$$



عملية: لو كان لدينا الجدول التالي:

	1	2	3
1	1	3	5
2	2	4	6

يسمى هذا النموذج التالي:

X	A	B
①	1	1
②	1	2
③	2	1
④	2	2
⑤	3	1
⑥	3	2

stat → ANOVA → Two way

response = نقل X إلى

row factor = نقل A إلى

columns factor = نقل B إلى

1-α → confidence level

Factor A

	1	2	...	a
Factor B	1	y_{111} y_{112} \vdots y_{11n}	y_{211} y_{212} \vdots y_{21n}	
	\vdots			
	b			

Factor B

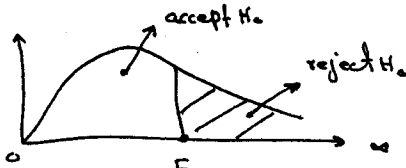
عدد المجموع المتباينات $N = abn$
 حيث n هي عدد القراءات في كل خلية

التي تباين فيها التجارب مع قفامل

source	DF	SS	MS	F	P-value
Factor A	a-1	SSA	$MSA = \frac{SSA}{a-1}$	$F_A = \frac{MSA}{MSE}$	P_A
Factor B	b-1	SSB	$MSB = \frac{SSB}{b-1}$	$F_B = \frac{MSB}{MSE}$	P_B
interaction AB	(a-1)(b-1)	SSAB	$MSAB = \frac{SSAB}{(a-1)(b-1)}$	$F_{AB} = \frac{MSAB}{MSE}$	P_{AB}
error	ab(n-1)	SSE	$MSE = \frac{SSE}{ab(n-1)}$		
total	abn-1 = N-1	SST			

For interaction AB: H_0 : There is no interaction between A and B Vs
 H_1 : " " " " " "

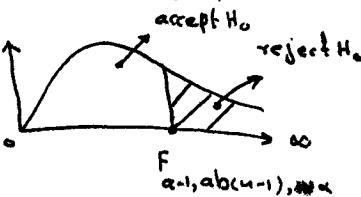
$$F_{AB} \sim F_{(a-1)(b-1), ab(n-1)}$$



ملحوظة: إذا رفضنا H_0 نتوقع هنا
 وإذا قبلنا H_0 نكفي النتائج

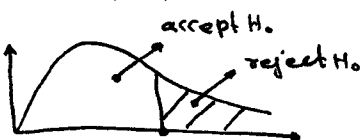
For Factor A: $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_a$ Vs H_1 : not all μ_i are equal

$$F_A \sim F_{a-1, ab(n-1)}$$



or Factor B: $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \dots = \mu_b$ Vs H_1 : not all μ_j are equal

$$F_B \sim F_{b-1, ab(n-1)}$$



عملية: لو كان لدينا الجدول التالي:

	A	
	1	2
B	1	$\textcircled{1}$ $\textcircled{2}$
	2	$\textcircled{3}$ $\textcircled{4}$

يعبأ على النحو التالي:

X	A	B
$\textcircled{1}$	1	1
$\textcircled{2}$	1	1
$\textcircled{3}$	1	2
$\textcircled{4}$	1	2
$\textcircled{5}$	2	1
$\textcircled{6}$	2	1
$\textcircled{7}$	2	2
$\textcircled{8}$	2	2

stat \rightarrow ANOVA \rightarrow two way

انتقل X إلى response

وانقل A إلى row factor

وانقل B إلى column factor

ثم اكتب في confidence level
 $1 - \alpha \rightarrow (1 - \alpha) 100\%$
 ثم ok

→ Minitab 14
16

→ 6 min
10/1/03

Stat → ANOVA → one way

10/1/03

→ Minitab 14

Stat → ANOVA → one way

10/1/03

Response data are in a separate
column for each factor level

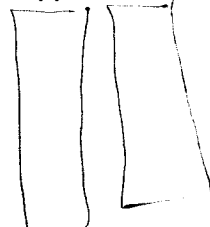
10/1/03

(1.0) 10/1/03

Response

X

Factor



10/1/03

Response data
are in one column
for all factor levels

→ in minitab 17

stat → ANOVA → General linear model → Fit General linear model

X → responses

A, B → Factors

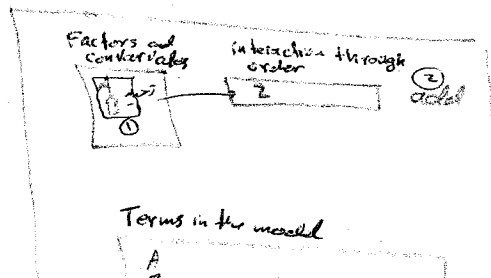
+ option
(1-way) 2nd 3rd 4th

ok

page 131
11/10/18

do it 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th

Model



4

طريقة التجارب
treatments of Factor A: irrigation method

blocks of
Factor B: Varieties
of lettuce
مجموعات أصناف الخس

	1	2	3	4 = a	total
b = 2	$y_{11} = 8.14$	$y_{21} = 9.24$	$y_{31} = 16.36$	$y_{41} = 4.79$	$T_{.1} = 38.53$
	$y_{12} = 4.59$	$y_{22} = 6.56$	$y_{32} = 15.37$	$y_{42} = 4.18$	$T_{.2} = 30.7$
total	$T_{.1} = 12.73$	$T_{.2} = 15.8$	$T_{.3} = 31.73$	$T_{.4} = 8.97$	$T_{..} = 69.23$

الوزن الطازج للخس
Y: Fresh weight
of lettuce.

$\alpha = .05$

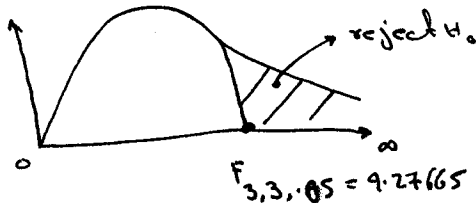
$N = ab = 8$

* assume that there is no interaction

For Factor A:

$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3 = \mu_4$ Vs H_1 : not all μ_i are equal

$F_A = 51.77 \sim F_{3,3}$

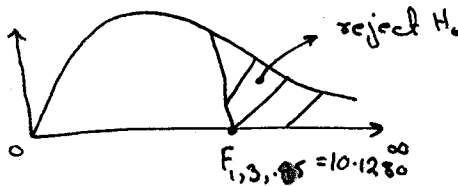


\therefore as $F_A = 51.77 > 9.27665$
so, we reject H_0

For Factor B:

$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$ Vs H_1 : not all μ_j are equal

$F_B = 7.91 \sim F_{1,3}$



\therefore as $F_B = 7.91 < 10.1280$
so, we accept H_0

Source	df	SS	MS	F	P
Factor A	3	150.374	50.1247	51.77	.004
Factor B	1	7.664	7.6636	7.91	.067
error	3	2.905	.9683		
total	7	160.943			

$\sum_i \sum_j y_{ij}^2 = 760.042$

$SS_T = \sum_i \sum_j y_{ij}^2 - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N} = 160.943$

$SS_A = \sum_i \frac{T_{.i}^2}{b} - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N} = 150.374$

$SS_B = \sum_j \frac{T_{.j}^2}{a} - \frac{T_{..}^2}{N} = 7.664$

$SSE = SS_T - (SS_A + SS_B) = 2.905$

4.11

treatments of Factor A: Fertilizer Level

blocks of Factor B:

Pairings between plants

= حسابات بين النباتات

	1	2 = a
1	$y_{111} = 16.01$ $y_{112} = 16.78$ $y_{113} = 16.44$	$y_{211} = 15.89$ $y_{212} = 16.23$ $y_{213} = 16.18$
b = 2	$y_{121} = 13.42$ $y_{122} = 13.25$ $y_{123} = 13.32$	$y_{221} = 13.32$ $y_{222} = 13.47$ $y_{223} = 13.26$

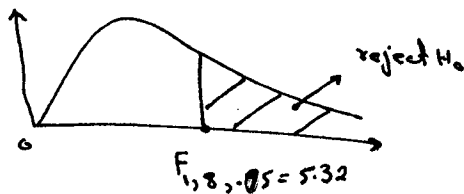
وزن محصول البطاطس

Y: weight of potatoes in the yield

$$N = abn = (2)(2)(3) = 12 \Rightarrow n = 3$$

For interaction AB: H_0 : There is no interaction between A and B vs H_1 : " " " " " "

حسابات التفاعل بين A و B $\rightarrow F_{AB} = 1.62 \sim F_{1,8}$



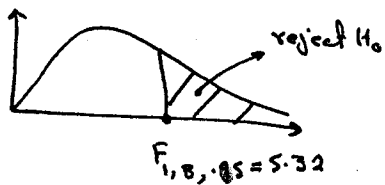
$$\therefore \text{as } F_{AB} < 5.32$$

So, we accept H_0

بما أن $F_{AB} < 5.32$ فإننا نقبل H_0

For Factor A: $H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$ vs H_1 : not all μ_i are equal $\cong \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$

حسابات عامل A $\rightarrow F_A = 1.25 \sim F_{1,8}$



$$\therefore \text{as } F_A < 5.32$$

So, we accept H_0

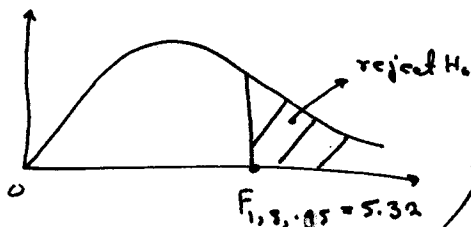
For Factor B

$H_0: \mu_1 = \mu_2$ vs H_1 : not all μ_j are equal $\cong \mu_1 \neq \mu_2$

حسابات عامل B $\rightarrow F_B = 505.78 \sim F_{1,8}$

$$\therefore \text{as } F_B > 5.32$$

So, we reject H_0



بحسب هذا الجدول من البرنامج Minitab:

Source	DF	SS	MS	F	P-value
Factor A	1	.0631	.0631	$F_A = 1.25$	$P_A = .296$
Factor B	1	25.4917	25.4917	$F_B = 505.78$	$P_B = 0$
interaction AB	1	.0817	.0817	$F_{AB} = 1.62$	$P_{AB} = .220$
error	8	11.22	1.4025		

melon one way anova

1)

In a study on the growth of melon ladybird beetles, females were randomly assigned to 4 different vegetable leaf diets - cucumber, snake cucumber, squash and watermelon leaves. The number of eggs deposited by each female was recorded [Based on Ali and El-Saeedy (1980)]:

Host Plant Type				
Cucumber	Snake Cucumber	Squash	Watermelon	
225	377	310	363	
209	391	303	354	
215	386	321	347	
199	364	291	373	
206	388	313	365	
Total $T_1 = 1054$	$T_2 = 1405$	$T_3 = 1538$	$T_4 = 1802$	$T_{..} = 6244$

a) Test whether there is a difference in host plant types on the average number of eggs deposited by female melon ladybird beetles. Use $\alpha = 0.05$.

b) If needed, make mean separation. Interpret.

2)

Samples were collected from three types of figs and the calcium (as a percent) was measured [Based on Sand et al. (1979)]:

Fig Type		
1	2	3
0.594	0.561	0.569
0.632	0.573	0.585
0.626	0.580	0.605
0.587	0.559	0.583
0.592	0.593	0.552
0.587	0.608	0.562

a) Test whether the three fig types have different average levels of calcium. Use $\alpha = 0.01$.

b) If needed, make mean separation. Interpret.

For interaction

EXERCISES

4.11. In a study on fertilizer levels and spacings between plants, plots were assigned to combinations and the yield of potatoes (in kg/plot) was measured [Based on Samman and Khalil (1979)]:

	Fertilizer level (in tons/ha)	
	1	2
Spacing 25 cm	16.01 16.78	15.89 16.23
Between	16.44	16.18
Plants 33 cm	13.42 13.25 13.32	13.32 13.47 13.26

Make all appropriate tests and use mean separation as needed. Use $\alpha = 0.05$.

4.12. In a study, it was desired to know the effect of 4 species of a certain type of plant and 3 levels of water depletion on the forage yield (in kg). Twenty-four homogeneous plots were randomly assigned to the combinations and the following forage yields were obtained [Based on Abohassan and Habib (1985)]:

Species	Water Depletion			Total
	20%	40%	60%	
1	13.77 14.17	11.37 11.71	12.21 11.63	74.86
2	18.53 19.09	14.41 13.75	13.43 12.89	92.10
3	16.52 15.80	10.53 11.09	9.89 10.27	74.10
4	16.12 16.60	11.21 11.95	11.37 11.99	79.24

Make all appropriate tests and use mean separation as needed. Use $\alpha = 0.01$.

4.13. In a study on a particular type of forage plant, plants were grown in 2 types of soil and given one of 4 nutrition treatments. The fresh weight (in g) at harvest gave the following [Modified from Zahran and Maghraby (1980)]:

Soil	Control	Complete Nutrition		Nutrient Minus Nitrogen		Nutrient Minus Phosphorus	
		Complete	Nutrition	Minus	Nitrogen	Minus	Phosphorus
Sandy	2.34	3.51	4.36	4.72	2.48	3.44	2.58
	2.59	3.64	4.16	3.14	3.14	2.58	2.40
	1.87	4.16	3.90	9.12	2.58	2.40	2.40
Silty	4.13	3.79	7.72	6.59	6.76	4.38	8.56
	1.95	4.50	8.18	6.59	6.76	4.38	8.56
	9.22	4.78	4.42	5.12	7.92	3.54	3.54
	3.78	2.30	4.42	5.12	7.92	3.54	3.54
	5.16	3.86	5.12	7.92	3.54	3.54	3.54
	3.34	2.40	7.92	3.54	3.54	3.54	3.54

Make all appropriate tests and use mean separation as necessary. Use $\alpha = 0.05$.

4.14. In a study on alfalfa, two varieties of alfalfa and harvest schedules (harvest every 20 days, every 30 days, and every 40 days) were used. Plots were randomly assigned to the combinations and the forage yield (in tons/hectare) was measured [Based on Chandorah et al. (1986)]:

Variety	Time Between Harvests		
	20	30	40
1	32.57 34.21 33.87	42.07 41.31 39.89	47.95 49.14 48.83
2	29.42 28.04 30.62	36.98 34.23 35.20	44.17 43.09 45.40

Make all appropriate tests and use mean separation as necessary. Use $\alpha = 0.05$.