

# Exercises

Q1 Suppose that you are given observations  $y_1$  and  $y_2$  such that:  $y_1 = \alpha + \beta + \epsilon_1$   
 $y_2 = -\alpha + \beta + \epsilon_2$  The random variables  $\epsilon_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2$ , are independent and normally distributed with mean 0 and variance  $\sigma^2$ .

(a) Find the least squares estimators of the parameters  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , and verify that they are unbiased estimators. Hint: obtain the minimum of the sum of the  $\epsilon_i^2$  using the least squares technique.

Q2 An investigation, conducted by a mail-order company, into the relationship between the sales revenues ( $y_i$ , in millions of dollars) and the price per gallon of gasoline ( $x_i$ , in cents) over a period of 10 months yields:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{10} y_i = 527, \sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i = 6509, \sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i^2 = 4909311 \text{ and } \sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i y_i = 325243.$$

Estimate the parameters  $\beta_0$  and  $\beta_1$  in the regression model  $y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i + \epsilon_i$ , where the  $\epsilon_i$  are uncorrelated with a mean of zero and a common variance of  $\sigma^2$  for  $i = 1, \dots, 10$ . Interpret the estimated regression line.

Q3 Assuming a regression line fitted using LSE, show that

$$(a) \sum_{i=1}^n y_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{y}_i$$

$$(b) \sum_{i=1}^n x_i e_i = 0$$

$$(c) \sum_{i=1}^n \hat{y}_i e_i = 0.$$

Q4 Let  $X$  and  $\epsilon$  be two independent random variables, and assume  $E(\epsilon) = 0$ . Let  $Y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X + \epsilon$ . Show that:  $\beta_1 = \frac{Cov(X, Y)}{V(X)} = Corr(X, Y) \sqrt{\frac{V(Y)}{V(X)}}$