

(2) Given

$x_n = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n}$  prove that  $(x_n)$  is convergent?

$(x_n)$  decreasing sequence because

$$x_{n+1} - x_n = \left( \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{n+2} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n} + \frac{1}{2n+1} + \frac{1}{2n+2} \right) - \left( \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n} \right)$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{2n+1} + \frac{1}{2n+2} \right) - \frac{1}{n}$$

$$= \frac{(2n+2) + (2n+1)}{(2n+1)(2n+2)} - \frac{1}{n}$$

$$= \frac{(2n+2) + (2n+1)}{(2n+1)(2n+2)} - \frac{1}{n}$$

$$= \frac{(2n+2) + (2n+1) - (2n+1)(2n+2)}{n(2n+1)(2n+2)}$$

$$= \frac{-3n-2}{n(2n+1)(2n+2)} < 0$$

$$= x_{n+1} < x_n, \quad \forall n \in \mathbb{N} \quad (n+1 \text{ times})$$

$$x_n = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+1} + \dots + \frac{1}{2n} > \frac{1}{n+n} + \frac{1}{n+n} + \dots + \frac{1}{n+n}$$

$$= \frac{n+1}{n+n} > \frac{n}{2n} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$(x_n)$  bounded below by  $\frac{1}{2}$

$\therefore (x_n)$  is convergent