

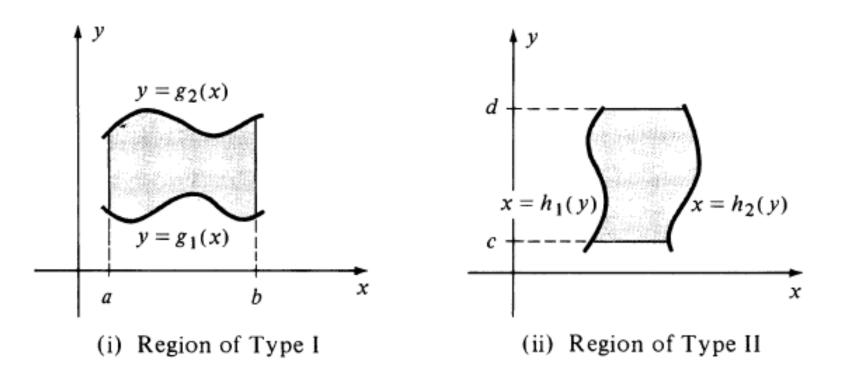


Faculty of Engineering Mechanical Engineering Department

## CALCULUS FOR ENGINEERS MATH 1110

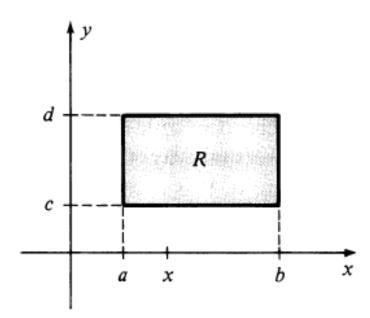
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## DOUBLE INTEGRALS



## **EVALUATION OF DOUBLE INTEGRALS**

 Suppose f is a function of two variables that is continuous on a closed rectangular region R of the type illustrated in the figure shown below.

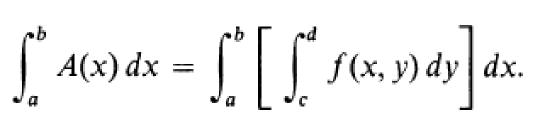


## **Integration Method**

$$A(x) = \int_{c}^{d} f(x, y) \, dy.$$

As an illustration, if  $f(x, y) = x^3 + 4y$ , c = 1, and d = 2, then

$$A(x) = \int_{1}^{2} (x^{3} + 4y) \, dy = x^{3}y + 2y^{2} \bigg]_{1}^{2}$$
  
=  $(2x^{3} + 8) - (x^{3} + 2)$   
=  $x^{3} + 6$ .



Definition (17.6)

$$\int_a^b \int_c^d f(x, y) \, dy \, dx = \int_a^b \left[ \int_c^d f(x, y) \, dy \right] dx.$$

$$\begin{array}{c} & y \\ d \\ c \\ \hline \\ a \\ x \\ \end{array}$$

**Example 1** Evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{4} \int_{-1}^{2} (2x + 6x^2 y) dy dx$$
.

Solution As in Definition (17.6), the integral equals

$$\int_{1}^{4} \left[ \int_{-1}^{2} (2x + 6x^{2}y) \, dy \right] dx = \int_{1}^{4} \left[ 2xy + 3x^{2}y^{2} \right]_{-1}^{2} dx$$
$$= \int_{1}^{4} \left[ (4x + 12x^{2}) - (-2x + 3x^{2}) \right] dx$$
$$= \int_{1}^{4} (6x + 9x^{2}) \, dx$$
$$= 3x^{2} + 3x^{3} \Big]_{1}^{4} = 234.$$

**Example 2** Evaluate 
$$\int_{-1}^{2} \int_{1}^{4} (2x + 6x^2y) \, dx \, dy.$$

Solution Applying Definition (17.7),

$$\int_{-1}^{2} \left[ \int_{1}^{4} (2x + 6x^{2}y) dx \right] dy = \int_{-1}^{2} \left[ x^{2} + 2x^{3}y \right]_{1}^{4} dy$$
$$= \int_{-1}^{2} \left[ (16 + 128y) - (1 + 2y) \right] dy$$
$$= \int_{-1}^{2} (126y + 15) dy$$
$$= 63y^{2} + 15y \Big]_{-1}^{2} = 234.$$

**Example 3** Evaluate 
$$\int_0^2 \int_{x^2}^{2x} (x^3 + 4y) \, dy \, dx.$$

Solution By (i) of Definition (17.8) the integral equals

$$\int_{0}^{2} \left[ \int_{x^{2}}^{2x} (x^{3} + 4y) \, dy \right] dx = \int_{0}^{2} \left[ x^{3}y + 2y^{2} \right]_{x^{2}}^{2x} dx$$
$$= \int_{0}^{2} \left[ (2x^{4} + 8x^{2}) - (x^{5} + 2x^{4}) \right] dx$$
$$= \frac{8}{3}x^{3} - \frac{1}{6}x^{6} \Big]_{0}^{2} = \frac{32}{3}.$$

**Example 4** Evaluate 
$$\int_{1}^{3} \int_{\pi/6}^{y^2} 2y \cos x \, dx \, dy$$
.

Solution By (ii) of Definition (17.8) the integral equals

$$\int_{1}^{3} \left[ \int_{\pi/6}^{y^{2}} 2y \cos x \, dx \right] dy = \int_{1}^{3} \left[ 2y \sin x \right]_{\pi/6}^{y^{2}} dy$$
$$= \int_{1}^{3} (2y \sin y^{2} - y) \, dy$$
$$= -\cos y^{2} - \frac{1}{2}y^{2} \Big]_{1}^{3}$$
$$= (-\cos 9 - \frac{9}{2}) - (-\cos 1 - \frac{1}{2})$$
$$= \cos 1 - \cos 9 - 4 \approx -2.55.$$