

## Csc1203- Tutorial

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Q1. Consider the following Production Company database schema, which keeps records of production machines, its operator and produced components. MachineNo and ComponentNo make each product unique.

**PRODUCTION( MachineNo, MachineType, OperatorName, { ComponentNo, ComponentType } )**

Normalize the above relation to the 3NF, showing appropriate dependency diagrams to justify decomposition

UNF( because there is a repeating group – highlighted )

PRODUCTION ( MachineNo, MachineType, OperatorName, { ComponentNo, ComponentType } )

**1NF**( remove the repeating group using Approach#1 - flattening' the table)

**PRODUCTION ( MachineNo, MachineType, OperatorName, ComponentNo, ComponentType )**

FDs:

FD1: MachineNo  $\rightarrow$  MachineType, OperatorName (Partial Dependency)

FD2: ComponentNo  $\rightarrow$  ComponentType (Partial Dependency)

FD3: MachineNo, ComponentNo  $\rightarrow$  MachineType, OperatorName, ComponentType (PK)

**2NF**( FD1 and FD2 violates 2NF – Partial Dependencies )

PRODUCTION ( MachineNo, ComponentNo )

MACHINE ( MachineNo, MachineType, OperatorName )

COMPONENT ( ComponentNo, ComponentType )

**3NF**( No violation because there is no Transitive dependency )

PRODUCTION ( MachineNo, ComponentNo )

MACHINE ( MachineNo, MachineType, OperatorName )

COMPONENT ( ComponentNo, ComponentType )