Power of Attorney

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What is a power of attorney?

- A power of attorney (الوكالة القانونية) is a document in which you state that you give someone else (usually a relative, friend, partner, or lawyer) the authority to make certain decisions and act on your behalf.
- A power of attorney must be signed by the person granting the authority and the signature must be notarized (to notarize على by a notary public (كاتب عدل).
- A power of attorney may be revoked or terminated (to revoke/terminate یلغي) by the person granting the authority.

- The person granted the authority is called an attorney-in-fact (وکیل فعلي) or agent (وکیل فعلي).
- The person granting the authority is called a principal (موكل).

> Note:

- > Attorney in fact (وكيل فعلي): Someone authorized to act for another person under a power of attorney
- → Attorney at law (مُجاز في القانون): Someone licensed to practice law

Types of Powers of Attorney

- 1. General Power of Attorney (وكالة قانونية عامة)
- 2. Specific Power of Attorney (وكالة قانونية خاصة)
- Both types of powers of attorney can be "durable powers of attorney". A durable power of attorney (وكالة قانوينة مستمرة) is a power of attorney that is valid even if the principal becomes incapacitated or otherwise unable to administer his own affairs. It has to be explicitly stated that the power of attorney is still valid even if the principal becomes disabled (عاجزاً) or incapacitated (فاقد الأهلية) for the power of attorney to be durable.

References

• مترجم الوكالات القانونية لمصطفى عبدالواحد سيد (2010) - دار النشر: مركز تطوير الأداء والتنمية