

7.3

Given:

Loose sandy soil  $\tau_f = \sigma' \tan 30^\circ$ 

Drained triaxial test

Confining pressure  $= 70 \text{ KN/m}^2 = \sigma_3$ 

Determine:

Deviator stress at failure

SOL.

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_3 \tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\phi}{2} \right) + 2c \tan \left( 45 + \frac{\phi}{2} \right)$$

 $\phi = 30^\circ$ ,  $c = 0$  (Given)

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_1 = 70 \tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{30}{2} \right) = 210 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\Delta \sigma_d = \sigma_1 - \sigma_3 = 210 - 70 = 140 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2}$$

7.4

For problem 7.3

- Estimate the angle that the failure plane makes with the major principal plane.
- Determine  $\tau_n, \sigma_n$  if  $\theta = 30^\circ$

SOL.

$$\text{a) } \theta = 45 + \frac{\phi}{2} = 45 + \frac{30}{2} = 60^\circ$$

$$\text{b) } \sigma = \frac{\sigma_1 + \sigma_3}{2} + \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} \cos 2\theta$$

$$\sigma = \frac{210 + 70}{2} + \frac{210 - 70}{2} \cos 2 \times 30 = 175 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} \sin 2\theta$$

$$\tau_n = \frac{210 - 70}{2} \sin 2 \times 30 = 60.62 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2}$$

$$\text{For failure } \tau_f = \sigma \tan \phi = 175 \tan 30 = 101 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2}$$

Since the actual  $\tau = 60.62 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2} < 101 \frac{\text{KN}}{\text{m}^2}$ , the sample did not fail along this line.

## Tutorial 6

Problem 7.6

specimen I:

$$\sigma_3 = 69 \text{ kN/m}^2, \sigma_1 = 282 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\text{radius} = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} = 106 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

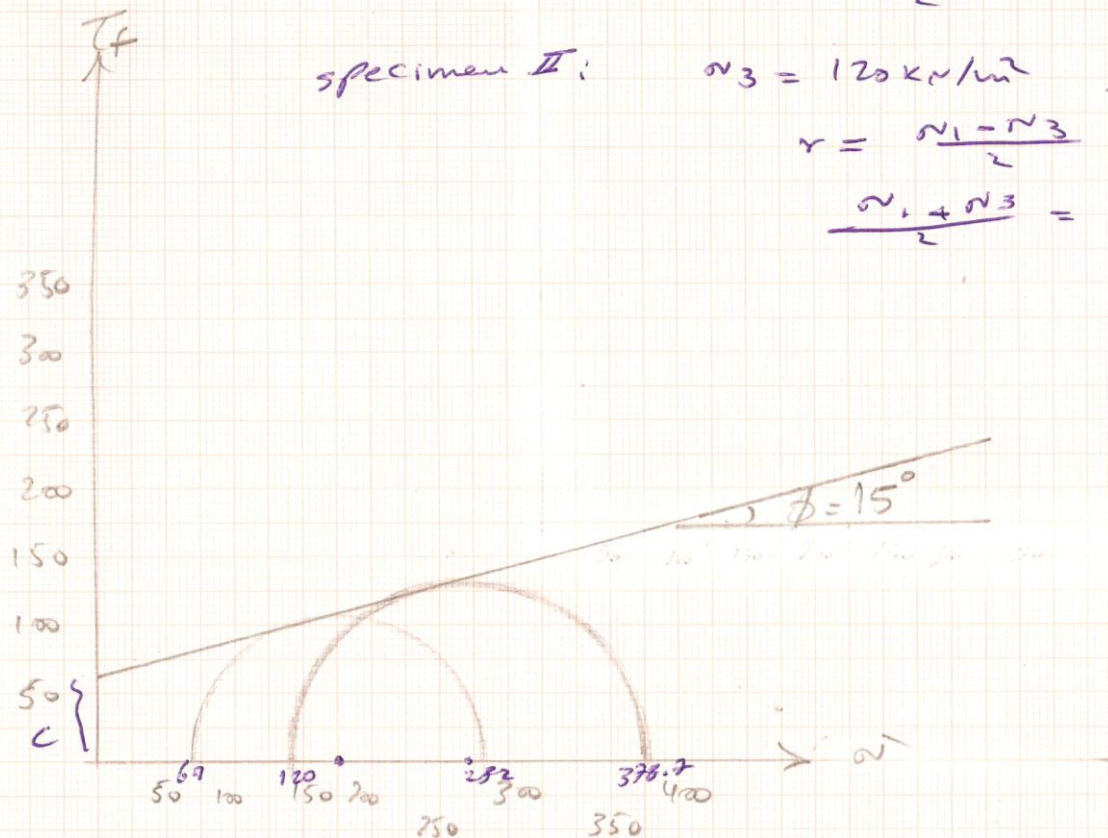
$$\frac{\sigma_1 + \sigma_3}{2} = 175$$

specimen II:

$$\sigma_3 = 120 \text{ kN/m}^2, \sigma_1 = 378.7 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$r = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} = 129.35 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

$$\frac{\sigma_1 + \sigma_3}{2} = 249.35$$



$$\phi = 15^\circ, C = 58 \text{ kN/m}^2$$

7.10

Given:

CU test on NCC, that yielded the following results:

- $\sigma_3 = 84 \frac{KN}{m^2}$
- $(\Delta\sigma_d)_f = 64 \frac{KN}{m^2}$
- $(\Delta u_d)_f = 48 \frac{KN}{m^2}$

Calculate the CU friction angle( $\emptyset$ ) and the drained friction angle( $\emptyset'$ ) .

SOL.

$$\sigma_1 = 64 + 84 = 148 \frac{KN}{m^2}$$

$$\sigma'_1 = 148 - 48 = 100 \frac{KN}{m^2}$$

$$\sigma'_3 = 84 - 48 = 36 \frac{KN}{m^2}$$

C=0 (NCC)

The CU friction angle( $\emptyset$ )

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_3 \tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right) + 2c \tan \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right)$$

$$148 = 84 \tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right)$$

$$\tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right) = 1.76$$

$$\tan \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset}{2} \right) = 1.33$$

$$\emptyset = 16^\circ$$

The drained friction angle( $\emptyset'$ )

$$\sigma'_1 = \sigma'_3 \tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset'}{2} \right) + 2c' \tan \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset'}{2} \right)$$

$$100 = 36 \tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset'}{2} \right)$$

$$\tan^2 \left( 45 + \frac{\emptyset'}{2} \right) = 2.77 \quad \Longrightarrow \quad \emptyset' = 28^\circ$$

