Units of Measurement

THE SI SYSTEM AND UNITS OF MEASUREMENT

MEASUREMENT

- In the late 18th century, scientists used the metric system
- The metric system is a precursor to the SI System.
- Scientists all over the world use a single measurement system called Le Systeme International d'Units, abbreviated SI

SI SYSTEM OF MEASUREMENT

- This system was presented in 1960 by a General Conference of Weights and Measures and has both base units and derived units
- × SI system:
 - + based on meter-kilogram-second system (m k s)
 - + replaces both the foot-pound-second system (f p s) and the centimeter-gram-second system
- There are seven SI base units, i.e. meter, kilogram, second, mole, ampere, Kelvin and candela

SI BASE UNITS

* The most common base units include:

Quantity	Quantity Symbol	Unit name	Unit abbreviation
Length	l	meter	m
Mass	т	kilogram	kg
Time	t	second	S
Temperature	T	Kelvin	К

UNITS IN THE METRIC SYSTEM

In the metric and SI systems, one unit is used for each type of measurement:

Measurement	Metric	SI
Length	meter (m)	meter (m)
Volume	liter (L)	cubic meter (m ³)
Mass	gram (g)	kilogram (kg)
Time	second (s)	second (s)
Temperature	Celsius (°C)	Kelvin (K)

UNITS IN THE METRIC SYSTEM

TABLE 2 BASE QUANTITIES AND THEIR SYMBOLS IN THE SI SYSTEM

Quantity	Unit name	Symbol
Length	meter	m
Mass	kilogram	kg
Time	second	S
Temperature	kelvin	K
Electric current	ampere	A
Luminous intensity	candela	cd
Amount of substance	mole	mol

SI BASE UNITS

- SI Units system includes a set of prefixes
- Use of a prefix makes a unit larger or smaller
- Ranges of SI unit prefixes are listed in the tables 1 and 2

TABLE 1

Prefix	Symbol	Function	Divided by
deci	d	10-1	10
centi	c	10-2	100
milli	m	10-3	1000
micro	μ	10-6	1,000,000
nano	n	10-9	1,000,000,000
pico	p	10-12	1,000,000,000,000
femto	f	10-15	1,000,000,000,000,000

TABLE 2

Prefix	Symbol	Function	Multiply by
deca	da	10^{1}	10
hector	h	10^{2}	100
kilo	k	10^{3}	1000
mega	M	10^{6}	1,000,000
Giga	G	109	1,000,000,000
tera	Т	10^{12}	1,000,000,000
peta	P	10^{15}	1,000,000,000,000

MEASUREMENT SYSTEM COMPARISONS

MEASUREMENT	ENGLISH (US)	SI SYSTEM
LENGTH	Foot / Inch	Meter / Centimeter
MASS	Ounce / Pound	Gram / Kilogram
VOLUME	Quart	Liter
TEMPERATURE	Fahrenheit	Celsius / Kelvin
TIME	Second	Second

TEMPERATURE

- The standard unit of measurement for temperature is Kelvins (K)
- Temperature can also be measured in degrees Celsius (°C) and degrees Fahrenheit (°F)
- ★ To convert degrees Celsius (°C) to degrees Fahrenheit (°F) multiply by 1.8 and then add 32. To convert degrees Fahrenheit to degrees Celsius, subtract 32 and then divide by 1.8
- \times K= $^{\circ}$ C + 273

DERIVED UNITS

Derived units are combinations of base units. They are produced by multiplying or dividing standard units

Quantity	Quantity symbol	Unit	Unit abbreviation
Area	Α	square meter	m ²
Volume	V	cubic meter	m ³
Density	D	kilograms per cubic meter	kg/m³

TABLE 3 UNIT CONVERSION FACTORS				
	TABLE 3 UNIT CON	VERSION FACTO	, K.S	
CONVERSIONS	Quantity	To convert from	То	Multiply by
COMMERSIONS	Length	mi	km	1.609 344*
		yd	m	0.9144*
		ft	m	0.304 8*
		ft	mm	304.8*
		in.	mm	25.4*
	Area	mi ²	km²	2.590 00*
		acre	m^2	4 046.87
		acre	ha**	0.404 687
		ft ²	m^2	0.092 903 04*
		in. ²	mm²	645.16*
	Volume	yd ³ ft ³	m_2^3	0.764 555
			m_2^3	0.028 3168
		100 board feet	m ³	0.235 974
		gal	L	3.785 41
		in. ³	cm ³	16.387 064
		in. ³	mm³	16 387.064
	Velocity	ft/s	m/s	0.3048
	Rate of fluid flow, infiltration	ft ³ /s	m ³ /s	0.028 3168
	A Lord	gal/h	mL/s	1.051 50
	Acceleration	ft/s ²	m/s ²	0.3048
	Mass	lb_	kg 2	0.453 59
	Mass per unit area	psf	kg/m ²	4.882 43
	Mass density Force	pcf lb	kg/m ³	16.018 5
				4.448 22
	Force per unit length	plf	N/m	14.593 9
	Pressure, stress	psf	<mark>Pa</mark> kPa	47.880 26 6.894 76
		psi in. of mercury	kPa kPa	3.386 38
		(in. Hg)	KI d	3.300 30
		in. of Hg (in. Hg)	psf	70.72
		atm***	kPa	101.325

CONT. CONVERSIONS

Temperature	°F	°C	5/[9(°F - 32)]
	°F	K	(°F + 459.7)/1.8
Quantity of heat	Btu	J	1055.056
Power	ton (refrigeration)	kW	3.517
	Btu/h	W	0.293 07
	hp	W	745.7
	Btu/(h-ft ²)	W/m ²	3.154 59
Thermal conductivity	Btu-in/(ft ² -h-°F)	$W/(m \cdot {}^{\circ}C)$	0.144 2
Thermal conductance, or			
thermal transmittace, U	Btu/(ft ² -h-°F)	$W/(m^2 \cdot {}^{\circ}C)$	5.678 263
Thermal resistance	(ft ² -h-°F)/Btu	$(m^2 \cdot {}^{\circ}C)/W$	0.176 110
Thermal capacity	Btu/(ft ² -°F)	$kJ/(m^2 \cdot {}^{\circ}C)$	20.44
Specific heat	Btu/(lb-°F)	J/(kg·°C)	4.186 8
Vapor permeability	perm-in	ng/(Pa·m·s)	1.459 29
Vapor permeance	perm	$ng/(Pa \cdot m^2 \cdot s)$	57.213 5
Angle	degree	radian	0.017 453

DECIMAL AND THOUSANDS SEPARATORS

- UK and US are 2 places use period (.) to indicate decimal place
 - Other countries use a comma instead (,)
 - Decimal separator aka "radix character"
- Using comma to separate groups of thousands
 - * Used in U.K. and U.S.
 - Many other countries use a period instead
 - Some countries separate thousands groups with a thin space
 - See next slide for some commonly used numeric formats

DECIMAL AND THOUSANDS SEPARATORS

Region	Large Number
Canadian (English and French)	4 294 967 295,000
Danish	4 294 967 295,000
Finnish	4 294 967 295,000
French	4 294 967 295,000
German	4 294 967.295,000
Italian	4.294.967.295,000
Norwegian	4.294.967.295,000
Spanish	4.294.967.295,000
Swedish	4 294 967 295,000
UK-English	4,294,967,295.00
US-English	4,294,967,295.00