

King Saud University  
Faculty of Sciences  
Department of Mathematics

Midterm Exam

Math 106

October 2023

Question 1 : (2+3+3)

1. Let  $F(x) = \int_{\tan x}^{x^2} \frac{dt}{2+t^4}$ . Find  $F'(x)$ .

2. Use the substitution  $u = x^3 + 2$  to compute  $\int x^5 \sqrt{x^3 + 2} dx$ .

3. Find the number  $z$  in the mean value theorem for  $f(x) = |x|$  on  $[-1, 1]$ .

Question 2 : (2+3+3)

1. Compute  $\int (x+1)7^{x^2+2x} dx$

2. Find the indefinite integral  $\int \frac{x}{(x^2+1)\cos^2(\ln(x^2+1))} dx$ .

3. If  $F(x) = \tan^{-1}(\cosh(x)) + x^{x+1}$ , find  $F'(x)$ .

Question 3 : (3+3+3)

1. Evaluate the integral  $\int \frac{\sqrt{x^3}}{1+x^5} dx$

2. Compute  $\int \frac{\sinh x}{\sqrt{2\cosh x - 4}} dx$ .

3. Find  $\int \frac{1-2x^4}{x\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx$ .

**Question 1 :**

1. Let  $F'(x) = \frac{2x}{2+x^8} - \frac{\sec^2 x}{2+\tan^4 x}$ . **1+1**

2.

$$\int x^5 \sqrt{x^3 + 2} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u=x^3+2 \\ \frac{1}{3} \int \sqrt{u}(u-2) du \end{array} \quad \mathbf{1.5}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left( \frac{2}{5} (x^3 + 2)^{\frac{5}{2}} - \frac{4}{3} (x^3 + 2)^{\frac{3}{2}} \right) + c. \quad \mathbf{1.5}$$

3.  $\int_{-1}^1 |x| dx = 1$ , **1.5**

then  $|z| = \frac{1}{2}$  and  $z = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ . **1.5**

**Question 2 :**

1.

$$\int (x+1)7^{x^2+2x} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u=x^2+2x \\ \frac{1}{2} \int 7^u du \end{array} \quad \mathbf{1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 \ln 7} 7^{x^2+2x} + c \quad \mathbf{1}$$

2.

$$\int \frac{x}{(x^2+1) \cos^2(\ln(x^2+1))} dx \quad \begin{array}{l} u=\ln(x^2+1) \\ \frac{1}{2} \int \sec^2 u du \end{array} \quad \mathbf{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \tan u + c = \frac{1}{2} \tan(\ln(x^2+1)) + c \quad \mathbf{1}$$

3.  $F'(x) = \frac{\sinh(x)}{1+\cosh^2 x} + \left(\frac{x+1}{x} + \ln x\right)x^{x+1}$  **1.5+1.5**

**Question 3 :**

1.

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{x^3}}{1+x^5} dx & \stackrel{u^2=x^5}{=} \frac{2}{5} \int \frac{du}{1+u^2} & \mathbf{2} \\ & = \frac{2}{5} \tan^{-1}(x^{\frac{5}{2}}) + c & \mathbf{1} \end{aligned}$$

2.

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sinh x}{\sqrt{2^{\cosh x} - 4}} dx & \stackrel{u=2^{\frac{1}{2}\cosh x}}{=} \frac{2}{\ln 2} \int \frac{du}{u\sqrt{u^2-4}} & \mathbf{2} \\ & = \frac{1}{\ln 2} \sec^{-1} \left( \frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}\cosh x}}{2} \right) + c & \mathbf{1} \end{aligned}$$

3.

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{1-2x^4}{x\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx & = \int \frac{1}{x\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx - \int \frac{2x^3}{\sqrt{1-x^4}} dx & \mathbf{0.5} \\ & = \frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{u\sqrt{1-u^2}} + \sqrt{1-x^4} + c & \mathbf{2} \\ & = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sech}^{-1}(x^2) + \sqrt{1-x^4} + c. & \mathbf{0.5} \end{aligned}$$