King Saud University,
College of Scinnces
Mathematical Department.

Mid-Term1/Summer/2016
Full Mark:25. Time 1H30mn 14/10/1437

Question $1[4,4]$. a) Find the region about (1, 2) of the $x y$-plane for which the initial value problem

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
y^{\prime}=\sqrt{1-2 y} \cdot \ln x \\
y(1)=-2 .
\end{array}\right.
$$

has a unique solution.
b) Solve the initial value problem

$$
\left\{\begin{array}{c}
x d x=\left(1+x^{2}\right)^{2} \sin y d y \\
y(-1)=\pi / 2
\end{array}\right.
$$

Question 2[4,4]. a) Show that the following differential equation is exact, hence solve it

$$
\left(3 y \cos x-x e^{x}\right) d x+(3 \sin x+3) d y=0
$$

b) Find the general solution of the differential equation

$$
(x+\sqrt{x y}) d y-y d x=0 \quad x>0, \quad y>0 .
$$

Question $3[4,4]$. a) Solve the differential equation

$$
y^{\prime}+y \cot x=x \csc x, \quad 0<x<\pi .
$$

b) Determine the general solution of

$$
y^{\prime}+y=x y^{3} .
$$

Question 4[5]. Find the family of orthogonal trajectories for the family of curves

$$
2 y+x=C e^{2 y} .
$$

Remark: Answer a) or b) in question 3.

