## Tutorial 04 <br> Expressions | Operators | Conditional Statements

## Exercise 1:

A. Which of the following expressions results in 45.37?

1. (int) $(45.378 * 100) / 100$
2. (int) (45.378*100) / 100.0
3. (int) (45.378*100/100)
4. (int) (45.378) * $100 / 100.0$
B. What is y displayed?
```
public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int x = 1;
        int y = x + x++;
        System.out.println("y is " + y);
    }
}
1. y is 1
2. y is 2
3. y is 3
4. y is 4
```

C. What is the value of i printed in the following code?

```
public class Test {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int j = 0;
        int i = ++j + j * 5;
        System.out.println("What is i? " + i);
    }
}
1. 0
2. 1
3. 5
4. }
```

D. Assuming that x is 1 , show the result of the following Boolean expressions:

1. $(x>0)$
2. $(x<0)$
3. $(x \quad!=0)$
4. $(x>=0)$
5. (x ! = 1)

## Exercise 2:

Write a program that declares two integer variables x and y and initializes their values to 0 . Then it reads the value of variable $y$ and assigns 1 to $x$ if $y$ is greater than 0 . Finally it prints the value of variable x .
Here are two sample runs:

```
Enter value of y: د
Value of x is 1
```

```
Enter value of y: 0 d
Value of x is O
```


## Exercise 3

Write a program that reads the performance level of an employee (between 0 and 100) and his salary. Then it increases the salary by $3 \%$ if performance level is greater than or equal to 90 .
Here are two sample runs:
Enter performance level: 50 」
Enter base salary: 5000 」
Salary is 5000.0

Enter performance level: 90
Enter base salary: 10000 ل
Salary is 10300.0

## Exercise 4

Write a program that reads values of seconds, minutes and hours as integers, then prints the equivalent number of seconds

## Exercise 5

Write a program that reads a number of seconds, and converts it to the regular form of $\mathrm{h}: \mathrm{m}: \mathrm{s}$, then prints the results.

## Tutorial 04 Solutions

## Exercise 1:

A. b
B. b
C. d
D.

1. true
2. false
3. true
4. true
5. false

## Exercise 2:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class TestIf {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner reader = new Scanner(System.in);
        int x = 0, y = 0;
        System.out.print("Enter value of y: ");
        y = reader.nextInt();
        if (y > 0){
                x = 1;
        }
        System.out.println("Value of x is " + x);
    }
}
```


## Exercise 3:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ComputeSalary
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner reader = new Scanner(System.in);
            double perf, sal;
            System.out.print("Enter performance level: ");
            perf = reader.nextDouble();
            System.out.print("Enter base salary: ");
            sal = reader.nextDouble();
            if (perf >= 90){
                sal += sal * 3/100;
            }
            System.out.println("Salary is " + sal);
    }
}
```


## Exercise 4:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class G {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
            Scanner KB = new Scanner(System.in);
            int s = KB.nextInt();
            int m = KB.nextInt();
            int h = KB.nextInt();
            int totalSec = s + m*60 + h*3600;
            System.out.println(totalSec);
    }
}
```


## Exercise 5:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
class H {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
            Scanner KB = new Scanner(System.in);
            int totalSec = KB.nextInt();
            int s = totalSec % 60;
            int m = totalSec / 60 % 60;
            int h = totalSec / 3600;
            System.out.println(h + ":" + m + ":" + s);
    }
}
```

