

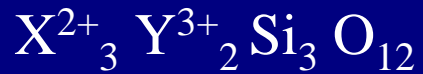
# Calculate garnet mineral chemistry from electron microprobe data

how the FeO is recalculated as Fe<sup>2+</sup> and Fe<sup>3+</sup>



Enami, Masaki *et al.*, (1995) A mechanism for Na incorporation in garnet: An example from garnet in orthogneiss from the Su-Lu terrane, eastern China.

# Recap: Garnet Properties



X stands for Ca, Fe<sup>2+</sup>, Mn, and Mg

Y stands for Al, Cr, and Fe<sup>3+</sup>

Crystal system: Cubic

Cleavage: none

Fracture: conchoidal to uneven

Hardness: 6.5-7.5

Members of the Garnet group are:

Pyrope - Mg<sub>3</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>

Almandine - Fe<sup>2+</sup><sub>3</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>

Spessartine - Mn<sub>3</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>

Grossular - Ca<sub>3</sub>Al<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>

Andradite - Ca<sub>3</sub>Fe<sup>3+</sup><sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>

Uvarovite - Ca<sub>3</sub>Cr<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>3</sub>O<sub>12</sub>



# Electron Microprobe Data

**TABLE 2.** Representative analyses of Na-Y garnet in the Su-Lu orthogneisses and Y-rich pegmatite

	Orthogneiss						Pegmatite*	
	91TF03a			91TF03b	91TFX01	91H01	91M02	GSJ-M18062
	(Al-gar)	(Fe <sup>3+</sup> -gar)	(Fe <sup>3+</sup> -gar)	(Fe <sup>3+</sup> -gar)	(Al-gar)	(Al-gar)	(Al-gar)	(Al-gar)
<b>Weight percent oxides</b>								
SiO <sub>2</sub>	36.1	34.1	33.8	35.0	36.9	36.8	38.2	34.7
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.26	0.44	0.33	0.45	0.14	0.18	0.10	0.00
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	20.1	4.91	4.76	2.47	20.6	17.9	20.6	19.9
Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.19	1.49	2.10	0.89	0.76	1.02	0.33	3.15
Er <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	—	0.14	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.24	0.21	0.43	0.16	0.06	0.24	0.07	0.56
FeO**	14.6	22.6	22.2	25.1	11.1	20.7	13.3	15.8
MnO	21.7	14.1	13.3	6.18	28.0	9.85	6.21	24.5
MgO	0.03	0.26	0.24	0.04	0.03	0.11	0.14	0.00
ZnO	—	0.02	0.10	0.04	0.07	0.00	0.02	0.01
CaO	3.48	18.1	18.5	26.8	3.61	12.0	20.6	1.64
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.372	0.093	0.094	0.021	0.244	0.236	0.079	0.093
Total	98.1	96.5	95.9	97.2	101.5	99.0	99.6	100.4
<b>Cations - 8</b>								
Si	3.010	2.967	2.966	2.984	2.978	3.011	3.009	2.895
Ti	0.016	0.029	0.022	0.029	0.008	0.011	0.006	0.000
Al	1.975	0.504	0.492	0.248	1.959	1.726	1.912	1.956
Y	0.053	0.069	0.098	0.040	0.033	0.045	0.014	0.140
Er	—	0.004	—	—	—	—	—	—
Yb	0.006	0.006	0.012	0.004	0.002	0.006	0.002	0.014
Fe <sup>3+†</sup>	0.000	1.441	1.438	1.685	0.073	0.217	0.056	0.116
Fe <sup>2+†</sup>	1.018	0.203	0.190	0.104	0.676	1.199	0.821	0.986
Mn	1.533	1.039	0.988	0.446	1.914	0.682	0.414	1.731
Mg	0.004	0.034	0.032	0.005	0.003	0.013	0.017	0.000
Zn	—	0.001	0.006	0.003	0.004	0.000	0.001	0.001
Ca	0.311	1.688	1.739	2.448	0.312	1.052	1.738	0.146
Na	0.060	0.016	0.016	0.003	0.038	0.037	0.012	0.015

Note: abbreviations are: Al-gar = aluminian garnet; Fe<sup>3+</sup>-gar = ferrian garnet. K is below detection limits.

\* Yttrian garnet in Y-rich pegmatite described by Iimori (1938) and Wakita et al. (1969).

\*\* Total Fe as FeO.

† Calculated values (see text).

# My Calculations

91TF03a	weight %	MW	moles of oxide	moles oxygen	moles cation	Normalized cations	Normalized oxygens		
						<b>8 cations</b>	<b>8 cations</b>		
SiO2	34.1	60.08	0.56757656	1.13515313	0.56757656	<b>2.967437963</b>	5.934875926		
TiO2	0.44	79.9	0.00550688	0.01101377	0.00550688	<b>0.02879142</b>	0.057582841		
Al2O3	4.91	101.96	0.04815614	0.14446842	0.09631228	<b>0.503545657</b>	0.755318485		
Y2O3	1.49	225.809	0.0065985	0.01979549	0.01319699	<b>0.068997318</b>	0.103495977		
Er2O3	0.14	382.517	0.000366	0.00109799	0.00073199	<b>0.003827053</b>	0.00574058		
Yb2O3	0.21	394.077	0.00053289	0.00159867	0.00106578	<b>0.005572183</b>	0.008358275		
FeO	22.6	71.85	0.31454419	0.31454419	0.31454419	<b>1.644518866</b>	1.644518866	Fe2+	1.441289
MnO	14.1	70.94	0.19875952	0.19875952	0.19875952	<b>1.039166462</b>	1.039166462	Fe3+	0.20323
MgO	0.26	40.3	0.00645161	0.00645161	0.00645161	<b>0.033730711</b>	0.033730711		
ZnO	0.02	81.389	0.00024573	0.00024573	0.00024573	<b>0.001284758</b>	0.001284758		
CaO	18.1	56.08	0.32275321	0.32275321	0.32275321	<b>1.687437761</b>	1.687437761		
Na2O	0.093	61.98	0.00150048	0.00150048	0.00300097	<b>0.015689842</b>	0.007844921		
Total	96.5			<b>2.157382</b>	<b>1.530146</b>	5.670139367	<b>11.27935556</b>		0.720644

O- Factor	
8 cation	5.22826
12 oxygen	5.562297

Normalized cations	Normalized oxygens		
<b>12 oxygens</b>	<b>12 oxygens</b>		
<b>3.154835058</b>	6.309670116		
<b>0.030609631</b>	0.061219263		
<b>0.53534514</b>	0.80301771		
<b>0.073354577</b>	0.110031866		
<b>0.004068736</b>	0.006103104		
<b>0.005924073</b>	0.00888611		
<b>1.74837211</b>	1.74837211	Fe2+	0.016681
<b>1.10479101</b>	1.10479101	Fe3+	1.731692
<b>0.035860844</b>	0.035860844		
<b>0.001365892</b>	0.001365892		
<b>1.794001382</b>	1.794001382		
<b>0.016680673</b>	0.008340337		
8.505209127	<b>11.99165974</b>		0.00834

# Step 1 & 2

1. Divide the weight percentage of each oxide by the molecular weight of that oxide = moles of oxide
2. Multiply the resulting moles of oxide by the number of oxygens in the formula = moles of oxygen

<b>91TF03a</b>	weight %	molecular weight	moles of oxide	moles oxygen
SiO <sub>2</sub>	34.1	60.08	0.567576565	1.13515313
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.44	79.9	0.005506884	0.01101377
Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	4.91	101.96	0.04815614	0.14446842
Y <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	1.49	225.809	0.006598497	0.01979549
Er <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.14	382.517	0.000365997	0.00109799
Yb <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	0.21	394.077	0.000532891	0.00159867
FeO	22.6	71.85	0.314544189	0.31454419
MnO	14.1	70.94	0.198759515	0.19875952
MgO	0.26	40.3	0.006451613	0.00645161
ZnO	0.02	81.389	0.000245733	0.00024573
CaO	18.1	56.08	0.32275321	0.32275321
Na <sub>2</sub> O	0.093	61.98	0.001500484	0.00150048
Total	96.5			<b>2.1573822</b>

# Step 3 & 4

3. Multiply the resulting moles of oxide by the number of cations in the formula unit = moles of cations.
4. Normalization constant: obtained by dividing the number of oxygens (or cations) in the structural formula by the sum of the moles of oxygen ions (or sum of moles of cation).

<b>91TF03a</b>	<b>weight %</b>	<b>molecular weight</b>	<b>moles of oxide</b>	<b>moles oxygen</b>	<b>moles cation</b>
SiO2	34.1	60.08	0.567576565	1.13515313	0.56757656
TiO2	0.44	79.9	0.005506884	0.01101377	0.00550688
Al2O3	4.91	101.96	0.04815614	0.14446842	0.09631228
Y2O3	1.49	225.809	0.006598497	0.01979549	0.01319699
Er2O3	0.14	382.517	0.000365997	0.00109799	0.00073199
Yb2O3	0.21	394.077	0.000532891	0.00159867	0.00106578
FeO	22.6	71.85	0.314544189	0.31454419	0.31454419
MnO	14.1	70.94	0.198759515	0.19875952	0.19875952
MgO	0.26	40.3	0.006451613	0.00645161	0.00645161
ZnO	0.02	81.389	0.000245733	0.00024573	0.00024573
CaO	18.1	56.08	0.32275321	0.32275321	0.32275321
Na2O	0.093	61.98	0.001500484	0.00150048	0.00300097
<b>Total</b>	<b>96.5</b>			<b>2.1573822</b>	<b>1.5301457</b>

<b>Oxygen Factor</b>	
8 cations	5.22826
12 oxygen	5.5623

# Step 5 & 6

5. Multiply the moles of oxygen by the normalization constant (5.56=12 oxygen/total moles of oxygen, 2.157).
6. Multiply the moles of cation by the normalization constant (5.22 = 8 cations/total moles of cations, 1.53).

Normalized cations	Normalized oxygens
8 cations	8 cations
2.967437963	5.934875926
0.02879142	0.057582841
0.503545657	0.755318485
0.068997318	0.103495977
0.003827053	0.00574058
0.005572183	0.008358275
1.644518866	1.644518866
1.039166462	1.039166462
0.033730711	0.033730711
0.001284758	0.001284758
1.687437761	1.687437761
0.015689842	0.007844921
5.670139367	11.27935556

Normalized cations	Normalized oxygens
12 oxygens	12 oxygens
3.154835058	6.309670116
0.030609631	0.061219263
0.53534514	0.80301771
0.073354577	0.110031866
0.004068736	0.006103104
0.005924073	0.00888611
1.74837211	1.74837211
1.10479101	1.10479101
0.035860844	0.035860844
0.001365892	0.001365892
1.794001382	1.794001382
0.016680673	0.008340337
8.505209127	11.99165974

# Step 7

Left hand column: notice that the oxygens do not total to 12 as would be expected from the garnet formula.

Some oxygen is missing, indicating that some of the Fe is in the 3+ state. We can estimate how much by converting  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  into  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$ :



Normalized oxygens 8 cations
5.934875926
0.057582841
0.755318485
0.103495977
0.00574058
0.008358275
1.644518866
1.039166462
0.033730711
0.001284758
1.687437761
0.007844921
<b>11.27935556</b>

Normalized oxygens 12 oxygens
6.309670116
0.061219263
0.80301771
0.110031866
0.006103104
0.00888611
1.74837211
1.10479101
0.035860844
0.001365892
1.794001382
0.008340337
<b>11.99165974</b>



# Step 7

Notice that for every  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  cations we convert into  $2\text{Fe}^{2+}$ , we will get an additional oxygen. We need to add 0.7206444 (8-cations) or 0.008340257 (12-oxygen) to bring the total to 12.

Normalized oxygens 8 cations			Normalized oxygens 12 oxygens		
5.934875926			6.309670116		
0.057582841			0.061219263		
0.755318485			0.80301771		
0.103495977			0.110031866		
0.00574058			0.006103104		
0.008358275			0.00888611		
1.644518866	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	1.441289	1.74837211	Fe <sup>2+</sup>	0.016681
1.039166462	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	0.20323	1.10479101	Fe <sup>3+</sup>	1.731692
0.033730711			0.035860844		
0.001284758			0.001365892		
1.687437761			1.794001382		
0.007844921			0.008340337		
<b>11.27935556</b>	<b>0.7206444</b>		<b>11.99165974</b>	<b>0.0083403</b>	

# Step 7

- For 8 cations:

$$\text{Fe}^{2+} = 2 \times 0.7206444 = \underline{1.441289}$$

$$\text{Fe}^{3+} = 1.1644518866 - 1.441289 = \underline{0.20323}$$

- For 12 oxygens:

$$\text{Fe}^{2+} = 2 \times 0.008340257 = \underline{0.016680515}$$

$$\text{Fe}^{3+} = 1.74837211 - 0.016680515 = \underline{1.731691595}$$

BUT a re-calculation of Fe(II), Fe(III) *here* is meaningless

Normalized cations		Normalized oxygens	
<b>8 cations</b>		<b>8 cations</b>	
2.967437963	5.934875926		
0.02879142	0.057582841		
0.503545657	0.755318485		
0.068997318	0.103495977		
0.003827053	0.00574058		
0.005572183	0.008358275		
1.644518866	1.644518866	Fe2+	1.441289
1.039166462	1.039166462	Fe3+	0.20323
0.033730711	0.033730711		
0.001284758	0.001284758		
1.687437761	1.687437761		
0.015689842	0.007844921		
5.670139367	11.27935556	0.720644	
Normalized cations		Normalized oxygens	
<b>12 oxygens</b>		<b>12 oxygens</b>	
3.154835058	6.309670116		
0.030609631	0.061219263		
0.53534514	0.80301771		
0.073354577	0.110031866		
0.004068736	0.006103104		
0.005924073	0.00888611		
1.74837211	1.74837211	Fe2+	0.016681
1.10479101	1.10479101	Fe3+	1.731692
0.035860844	0.035860844		
0.001365892	0.001365892		
1.794001382	1.794001382		
0.016680673	0.008340337		
8.505209127	11.99165974	0.00834	



# Results

<b>91TF03a</b>	<b>Normalized cations</b>
	<b>8 cations</b>
SiO2	2.967437963
TiO2	0.02879142
Al2O3	0.503545657
Y2O3	0.068997318
Er2O3	0.003827053
Yb2O3	0.005572183
FeO	1.644518866
MnO	1.039166462
MgO	0.033730711
ZnO	0.001284758
CaO	1.687437761
Na2O	0.015689842

Fe2+	1.441289
Fe3+	0.20323

<b>91TF03a</b>	<b>Normalized cations</b>
	<b>12 oxygens</b>
SiO2	3.154835058
TiO2	0.030609631
Al2O3	0.53534514
Y2O3	0.073354577
Er2O3	0.004068736
Yb2O3	0.005924073
FeO	1.74837211
MnO	1.10479101
MgO	0.035860844
ZnO	0.001365892
CaO	1.794001382
Na2O	0.016680673

Note that if we don't adjust the Fe<sup>2+</sup>/Fe<sup>3+</sup> ratio, we get an unrealistic excess of Si (> 3 moles per formula unit).

<b>91TF03a</b>
<b>(Fe<sup>3+</sup>-gar)</b>

Si	2.967
Ti	0.029
Al	0.504
Y	0.069
Er	0.004
Yb	0.006
Fe <sup>3+</sup> †	1.441
Fe <sup>2+</sup> †	0.203
Mn	1.039
Mg	0.034
Zn	0.001
Ca	1.688
Na	0.016