

Q[5.34]: (Text Book, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed)

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{a} \quad X[0] &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{\frac{-j2\pi n(0)}{N}} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] (1) \\ &= -3 + 5 + 45 - 15 - 9 - 19 - 8 + 21 - 10 + 23 \\ &= \underline{\underline{30}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{b} \quad X[5] &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{\frac{-j2\pi n(5)}{10}} \\ &= \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] e^{-j\pi n} = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] (-1)^n \\ &= -3 - 5 + 45 + 15 - 9 + 19 - 8 - 21 - 10 - 23 \\ &= \underline{\underline{0}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \text{from IDFT} \rightarrow x[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] W_N^{-kn}$$

$$\text{at } n=0 \rightarrow Nx[0] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k]$$

$$\rightarrow \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] = Nx[0] = 10(-3) = \underline{\underline{-30}}$$

**Q[5.35]:** (Text Book, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed)

X[k]	11	8-j2	1-j12	6+j3	-3+j2	2+j	15	2-j	-3-j2	6-j3	1+j12	8+j2
k	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

for a length-N real sequence, the DFT has the following property:

$$X[k] = X^*[\langle -k \rangle_N], \text{ hence}$$

$$X[7] = X^*[\langle -7 \rangle_{12}] = X^*[5] = 2-j$$

$$X[8] = X^*[\langle -8 \rangle_{12}] = X^*[4] = -3-j2$$

$$X[9] = X^*[\langle -9 \rangle_{12}] = X^*[3] = 6-j3$$

$$X[10] = X^*[\langle -10 \rangle_{12}] = X^*[2] = 1+j12$$

$$X[11] = X^*[\langle -11 \rangle_{12}] = X^*[1] = 8+j2$$

(a)  $x[n] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] W_N^{-kn} \quad (\text{IDFT})$

$\rightarrow$  at  $n=0 \rightarrow x[0] = \frac{1}{12} \sum_{k=0}^{11} X[k] = \underline{\underline{4.5}}$

(b)  $x[6] = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} X[k] e^{j2\pi k(6)/12} \Rightarrow x[6] = \frac{1}{12} \sum_{k=0}^{11} X[k] (-1)^k$

$\rightarrow x[6] = \frac{-10}{12} = \underline{\underline{0.833}}$

(c)  $X[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] W_N^{kn} \rightarrow (\text{at } k=0) \rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] = X[0]$   
 $\rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n] = \underline{\underline{11}}$