

Third Semester

(without calculators)

Tuesday 10-11-1444

Name:

Second Quiz

Time: 30 mins

240 Math

ID No.:

King Saud University

College of Science

Math. Department

Q1: Let $B=\{(1,1,1), (1,1,0), (1,0,0)\}$

(a) Show that B is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3 . (3 marks)

(b) If

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

is the transition matrix from S to B , where $S=\{u_1, u_2, u_3\}$ is another basis of \mathbb{R}^3 .

Then find u_1 . (2 marks)

Q2: Find a basis for the column space of the matrix: (3 marks)

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & -2 & 6 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 5 \\ 5 & 9 & -4 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q3: If A is a matrix of size 6×5 and $\text{nullity}(A^T)=2$, then find $\text{rank}(A)$. (2 marks)

$$Q1: (a) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (1) \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = (-1) \neq 0$$

So B is a basis of \mathbb{R}^3 .

$$(b) (u_1)_B = (1, 0, 1). \text{ So } u_1 = 1(1, 1, 1) + 0(1, 1, 0) + 1(1, 0, 0) = (2, 1, 1)$$

Q2:

$$\begin{aligned} A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & -2 & 6 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 1 & 5 \\ 5 & 9 & -4 & 8 \end{bmatrix} &\xrightarrow{\substack{(-3)R_{21} \\ (-2)R_{23} \\ (-5)R_{24}}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 3 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{(-1)R_{14} \\ (\frac{1}{3})R_3}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ &\xrightarrow{R_{12}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{(-1)R_2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

So the basis is $\{(3, 1, 2, 5)^T, (5, 2, 4, 9)^T, (-2, -1, 1, -4)^T\}$.

$$Q3: \text{rank}(A) = \text{rank}(A^T) = m - \text{nullity}(A^T) = 6 - 2 = 4.$$