

**3. EXPECTATIONS INVOLVING INDEPENDENT R. V. 'S AND MOMENT
GENERATING FUNCTIONS**

Q1) Let X_1, X_2 and X_3 be independent r.v.'s with means 4, 9, 3 and variances 3, 7, 5 respectively. For $Y=2X_1-3 X_2+4 X_3$ and $Z=X_1+2 X_2- X_3$, find:

- a. $E(Y)$ and $E(Z)$.
- b. $V(Y)$ and $V(Z)$.

Q2) If X and Y are independent r.v.'s with $E(X)=3, E(Y)=5, V(X)=2,$ and $V(Y)=5,$ find:

- a. $E(XY)$
- b. $E(X^2Y)$

Q3) Let X and Y are independent r.v.'s with p.d.f $f(x) = e^{-x}; x > 0,$

$f(y) = e^{-y}; y > 0,$ find :

- a. $E(Y)$ and $V(X)$.
- b. $E(Y)$ and $V(Y)$.
- c. $E(XY)$.
- d. $E(X^2 Y^3)$.

Q4) A r.v. has $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|};$ for $-\infty < x < \infty,$ find $E(X)$ and $V(X)$.

Q5) Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n be independent and identically distributed having mean μ and variance σ^2 . Let $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$. Show that $E \left[\sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2 \right] = (n - 1)\sigma^2$.

Q6) If we have

a. $f(x) = \frac{1}{b-a}; a \leq x \leq b$

b. $f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}; x > 0$

c. $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(x - \mu)^2\right]; -\infty < x < \infty$

Find $E(X)$ and $V(X)$.

Q7) If $X \sim \text{Exp}(2)$ independent of $Y \sim \text{Gamma}(3,4)$, find:

- $E(XY)$.
- $E(X^2 Y^3)$.
- $V(X-Y)$
- $V(3X+2Y)$

where

	pdf	$E(X)$	$V(X)$
$\text{Exp}(\lambda)$	$f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}; x > 0$	$\frac{1}{\lambda}$	$\frac{1}{\lambda^2}$
$\text{Gamma}(\alpha, \beta)$	$f(x) = \frac{\beta^\alpha}{\Gamma(\alpha)} x^{\alpha-1} e^{-\beta x}; x > 0$	$\frac{\alpha}{\beta}$	$\frac{\alpha}{\beta^2}$

Q8) Find the moment generating function of X if you know that $f(x) = 2e^{-2x}, x > 0$

Q9) Suppose independent r.v.'s X and Y are such that $M_{X+Y}(t) = \frac{e^{2t}-1}{2t-t^2}$.
If $f(x) = \lambda e^{-\lambda x}; x > 0$, what is the mgf of Y .

Q10) A r.v. has $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|}; \text{for } -\infty < x < \infty$.

- Show that its mgf is given by $M_X(t) = \frac{1}{1-t^2}$ for $-1 < t < 1$.
- Using the mgf, find $E(X)$ and $V(X)$.

Q11) If X has $f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^2, -1 < x < 1$

- Find mgf of X .
- Given the mgf in expanded form.
- Use the expanded form to determine a general formula for $E(X^n)$.

Q12) X and Y are independent and identically distributed with $M(t) = e^{3t+t^2}$. Find the mgf of $Z=2X-3Y+4$.

Q13) Suppose X has $M_X(t) = e^{3t+t^2}$. Find the mgf of $Z = \frac{1}{4}(X - 3)$ and use it to find the mean and variance of Z.

Q14) Suppose X is a r.v. for which the mgf is $M_X(t) = \frac{1}{4}(3e^t + e^{-t}), -\infty < t < \infty$.

a. Find the mean and variance of X.

b. Find the expanded form of the mgf.

Q15) Let $f(x) = 1 ; 0 \leq x \leq 1$. Use the moment generating function technique to find the moment generating function of $Y=aX+b$ where a and b are constant.

Q16) Let $f(x) = e^{-x} ; x > 0$, find the mgf of $Z=3-2X$.

Q17) X, Y and Z are independent r.v.'s with $X \sim Normal(1,3)$, $Y \sim Normal(5,2)$ and the mgf of their sum being $M_{X+Y+Z}(t) = e^{13t+3t^2}$. Determine the distribution of Z.