

Chapter 6: Partial derivatives

6.1-Functions of several variables

Q1) Determine the domain of f and the value of f at the indicated points.

A) Compute the indicated expression if it is defined:

$$1-f(x, y) = 2x - y^2; \quad (-2, 5); (5, -2); (0, -2)$$

$$2- f(x, y) = \frac{y+2}{x}; \quad (3, 1); (1, 3); (2, 0)$$

$$3- f(u, v) = \frac{uv}{u-2v}; \quad (2, 3); (-1, 4); (0, 1)$$

$$4- f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{25 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2}; \quad (1, -2, 2); (-3, 0, 2)$$

$$5- f(x, y, z) = 2 + \tan x + y \sin z; \quad (1, -2, 2); (-3, 0, 2)$$

6.2-partial derivatives

I) Find the partial derivatives of f :

$$1) f(x, y) = 2x^4 y^3 - xy^2 + 3y + 1$$

$$6) f(x, y) = \arctan\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$$

$$2) f(x, y) = (x^3 - y^2)^2$$

$$7) f(x, y) = x \cos\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)$$

$$3) f(x, y) = \frac{x}{y} - \frac{y}{x}$$

$$8) f(x, y) = \ln \sqrt{\frac{x+y}{x-y}}$$

$$4) f(x, y) = e^x \ln y$$

$$9) f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$5) f(x, y) = x e^y + y \sin x$$

$$10) f(x, y) = (2x + y)^{\cos x}$$

II) Find the partial derivatives of f :

$$1- f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{4x^2 - y^2} \sec(x + z)$$

$$2- f(x, y, z) = x^2 e^{2y} \cos z;$$

$$3- f(x, y, z) = \frac{x^2 - z^2}{1 + \sin(3y)};$$

$$4- f(x, y, z) = (y^2 + z^2)^x$$

$$5- f(x, y, z) = x e^z - y e^x + z e^{-y};$$

$$6- f(x, y, z) = xyz e^{xyz}$$

III) Verify that $f_{xy} = f_{yx}$

1- $f(x, y) = xy^4 - 2x^2y^3 + 4x^2 - 3y$

2- $f(x, y) = \frac{x^2}{x+y}$

3- $f(x, y) = x^3e^{-2y} + y^{-2} \cos x$

4- $f(x, y) = y^2e^{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2y^3}$

5- $f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

IV) Solve the following:

1) if $w = 3x^2y^3z + 2xy^4z^2 - yz$, Find w_{xyz}

2) if $w = u^4vt^2 - 3uv^2t^3$, Find w_{tuv}

3) if $v = y \ln(x^2 + z^4)$, Find v_{zzy}

4) if $w = \sin(xyz)$, find $\frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial z \partial y \partial x}$

5) if $w = \frac{x^2}{y^2+z^2}$, Find $\frac{\partial^3 w}{\partial z \partial y^2}$

6) if $f(x, y) = \ln \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$, show that $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 0$

7) if $f(x, y) = e^{-x} \cos y + e^{-y} \cos x$ show that $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 0$

8) if $w = \cos(x - y) + \ln(x + y)$, show that $\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} = 0$

9) if $w = (y - 2x)^3 - \sqrt{y - 2x}$, show that $w_{xx} - 4w_{yy} = 0$

10) if $u(x, y) = x^2 - y^2$, $v(x, y) = 2xy$, show that $u_x = v_y$ and $u_y = -v_x$

11) if $u(x, y) = \frac{y}{x^2+y^2}$, $v(x, y) = \frac{x}{x^2+y^2}$, show that $u_x = v_y$ and $u_y = -v_x$

6.3-Chain Rules

I)Solve:

1) $w = u \sin v$, $u = x^2 + y^2$, $v = xy$. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}$

2) $w = uv + v^2$, $u = x \sin y$, $v = y \sin x$. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}$

3) $w = u^2 + 2uv$, $u = r \ln s$, $v = 2r + s$. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$

4) $w = e^{tv}$, $t = r + s$, $v = rs$. Find $\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}$, $\frac{\partial w}{\partial s}$

5) $z = r^3 + s + v^2$, $r = xe^y$, $s = ye^x$, $v = x^2y$. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

6) $z = pq + qw$, $p = 2x - y$, $q = x - 2y$, $w = -2x + 2y$. Find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$, $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

7) $r = x \ln y$, $x = 3u + vt$, $y = uvt$. Find $\frac{\partial r}{\partial u}$, $\frac{\partial r}{\partial v}$, $\frac{\partial r}{\partial t}$

8) $r = w^2 \cos z$, $w = u^2vt$, $z = ut^2$. Find $\frac{\partial r}{\partial u}$, $\frac{\partial r}{\partial v}$, $\frac{\partial r}{\partial t}$

9) $p = u^2 + 3v^2 - 4w^2$, $u = x - 3y + 2r - s$, $v = 2x + y - r + 2s$, $w = -x + 2y + r + s$. Find $\frac{\partial p}{\partial r}$

10) $s = tr + ue^v$, $t = xy^2z$, $r = x^2yz$, $u = xyz^2$, $v = xyz$. Find $\frac{\partial s}{\partial z}$

11) $w = x^3 - y^3$, $x = \frac{1}{t+1}$, $y = \frac{t}{t+1}$. Find $\frac{dw}{dt}$

12) $w = \ln(u + v)$, $u = e^{-2t}$, $v = t^3 - t^2$. Find $\frac{dw}{dt}$

6.4-Implicit differentiation

I) If $y = f(x)$, find y'

1) $2x^3 + yx^2 + y^3 = 1$

2) $x^4 + 2x^2y^2 - 3xy^3 + 2x = 0$

3) $6x + \sqrt{xy} = 3y - 4$

4) $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = 4$

II) If $z = f(x, y)$, find $\frac{\partial z}{\partial x}$ and $\frac{\partial z}{\partial y}$

1) $2xz^3 - 3yz^2 + x^2y^2 + 4z = 0$

2) $xz^2 + 2x^2y - 4y^2z + 3y - 2 = 0$

3) $xe^{yz} - 2ye^{xz} + 3ze^{xy} = 1$

4) $yx^2 + z^2 + \cos(xyz) = 4$

III) if $w = f(x, y)$, $x = r \cos \theta$, $y = r \sin \theta$, show that

$$\left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial r}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{r^2} \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial \theta}\right)^2.$$

IV) if $v = f(x - at) + g(x + at)$, show that $\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial t^2} = a^2 \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x^2}$

V) if $w = \cos(x + y) + \cos(x - y)$, show that $w_{xx} = w_{yy}$