

**KING SAUD UNIVERSITY**  
**College of Engineering**  
**Mechanical Engineering Department**

**Final Exam**  
**GE 202 DYNAMICS**      (Duration of exam: 3 hours)      **29 /12 / 2012**

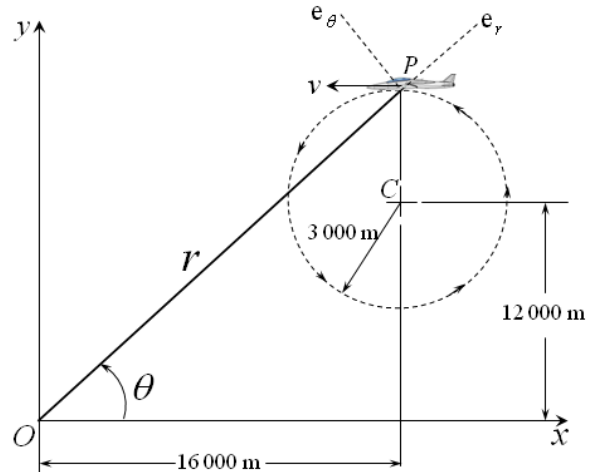
**Problem 1**

The aircraft  $P$  is traveling at a constant speed of  $v = 100 \text{ m/s}$  in the circle of radius  $3000 \text{ m}$ . For the instant shown determine the quantities:

$$r = ?, \theta = ?, \dot{r} = ?, \dot{\theta} = ?, \ddot{r} = ?, \ddot{\theta} = ?$$

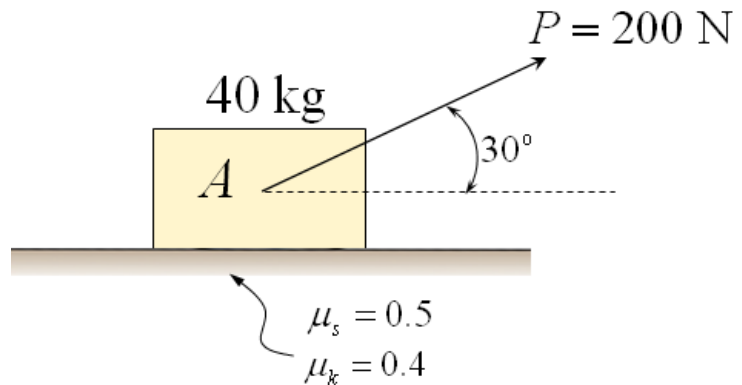
**Note:**  $v_r = \dot{r}$ ,       $v_\theta = r\dot{\theta}$

$$a_r = \ddot{r} - r(\dot{\theta})^2, \quad a_\theta = r\ddot{\theta} + 2\dot{r}\dot{\theta}$$



**Problem 2**

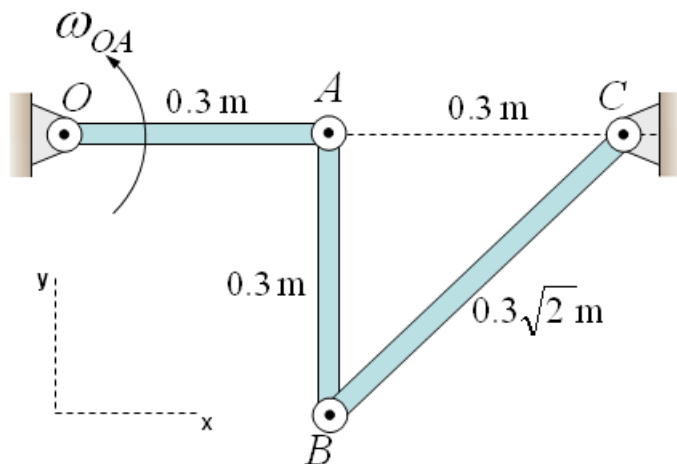
Compute the acceleration of block  $A$  for the instant shown?



**Problem 3**

Link  $OA$  has a constant counter clockwise angular velocity  $\omega_{OA} = 4 \text{ rad/s}$  during a short interval of its motion. For the position shown determine:

- The angular velocity  $\omega_{AB}$  of link  $AB$ ?
- The angular velocity  $\omega_{BC}$  of link  $BC$ ?
- The angular acceleration  $\alpha_{AB}$  of link  $AB$ ?
- The angular acceleration  $\alpha_{BC}$  of link  $BC$ ?

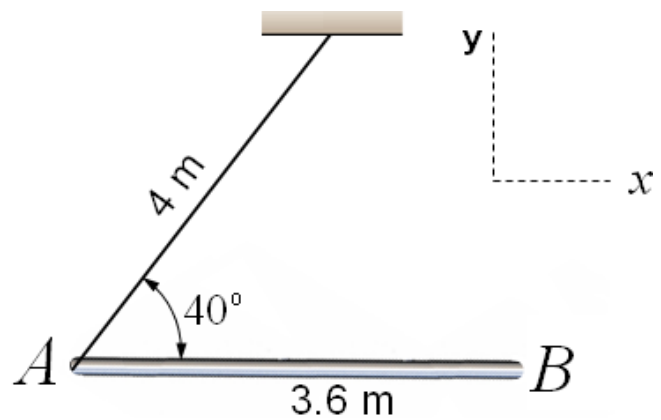


### Problem 4

The uniform 50 kg bar  $AB$  is supported by a cable at  $A$ . Immediately after the bar is released from rest in the position shown:

- Draw the Free body and Kinetics diagrams.
- Determine the angular acceleration of the bar,  $\alpha = ?$
- Determine the tension in the cable,  $T = ?$

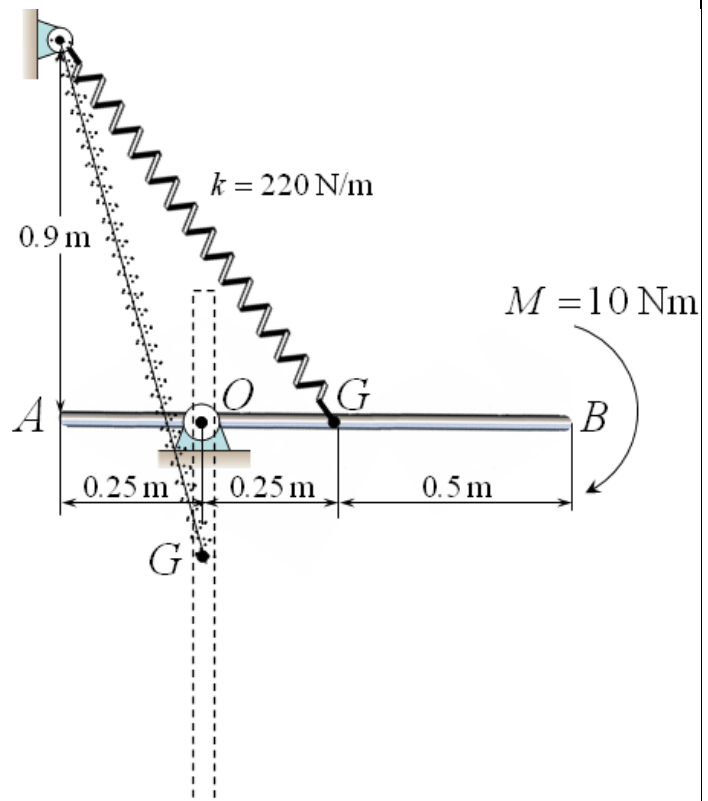
**Given:**  $I_G = \frac{1}{12} m L^2$ , where  $m$  is the mass and  $L$  is the length of the bar.



### Problem 5

The 4 kg uniform slender rod  $AB$  rotates in the vertical plane about a pin at  $O$ . The spring attached to the rod at  $G$  has a stiffness of 220 N/m, and its unstretched length is 0.6 m. The rod is released from rest in the position shown. Determine the angular velocity of the rod in the vertical position,  $\omega = ?$  when a constant couple moment  $M = 10 \text{ Nm}$  is applied to the end  $B$ .

**Note:**  $I_G = \frac{1}{12} m L^2$ , where  $m$  is the mass and  $L$  is the length of the slender rod.



GOODLUCK