

$$A_1=500 \quad A_2=0.1 \times A_1 + A_1 = 0.1 \times 500 + 500 = 550 \quad \text{OR} \quad A_2=1.1 \times A_1 = 550$$

$$A_3=1.1 \times A_2 = 1.1 \times 550 = 605 \quad A_{10}=1.1 \times A_9 = \text{??????}$$

$$A_n = A_t(1+j)^{n-t} \quad \implies \quad A_{10} = A_1(1+0.1)^{10-1} = 500(1.1)^9 = 1179$$

$$\text{OR} \quad A_{10} = A_3(1+0.1)^{10-3} = 605(1.1)^7 = 1179$$

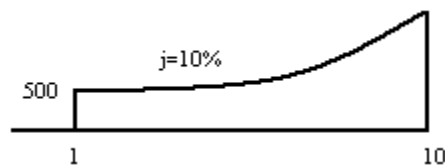
Ex.9(Ex2.31/75)

Ali receives an annual bonus and deposits it in a saving account that pays 8 % compounded annually. The size of bonus increase by 10% Each year, his initial deposit is \$ 500. How much will be in the fund ?

- a) Immediately after the tenth year b) Immediately before the tenth year

Solution

$n=10$ years $A_1=\$500$ $i=8\%$ $j=10\%$



- a) By table

$$F = A_1(F|A_1 i\%, j\%, n) = 500 (F|A_1 8\%, 10\%, 10) = 500 (21.8259) = \$ 10912.96$$

By formula

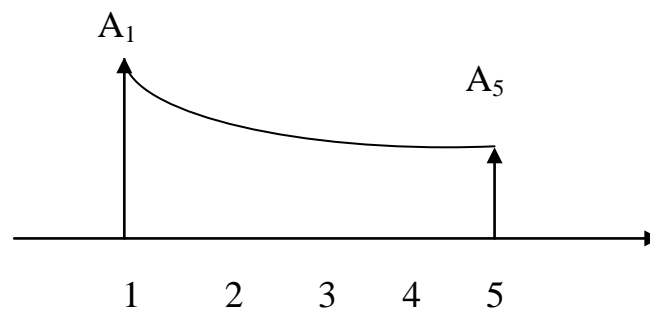
$$F = A_1 \frac{(1+i)^n - (1+j)^n}{i-j} = 500 \frac{(1+0.08)^{10} - (1+0.1)^{10}}{0.08-0.1} = \$ 10870.44$$

b) $F = 10870.44 - A_{10} = 10870.44 - 1179 = \$ 9691.44$

Ex.

John borrows \$ 15,000 at 18% compounded annually, he pays off the loan over a 5- year period with annual payments. Each successive payment is to be 10% less than the previous payment. How much will be the fifth payment.

Solution



$$P = A_1 \frac{1-(1-j)^n(1+i)^{-n}}{i+j}$$

$$15000 = A_1 \frac{1-(1-0.1)^5(1+0.18)^{-5}}{0.18+0.1} \implies A_1 = \$ 5661.2$$

$$A_5 = A_1(1-j)^{(5-1)} = 5661.2(1-0.1)^4 = \$ 3714.3$$