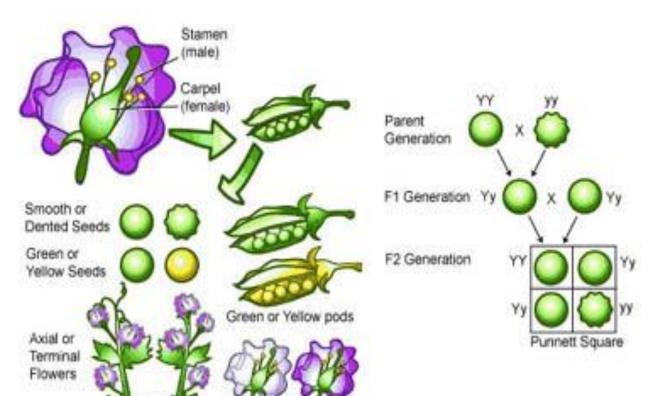
Law of Independent Assortment (The "Second Law")



White or Purple Flowers



Mendel's Dihybrid Cross

The law of independent assortment states that each pair of alleles segregates independently of each other pair of alleles (alleles of different genes) during gamete formation.



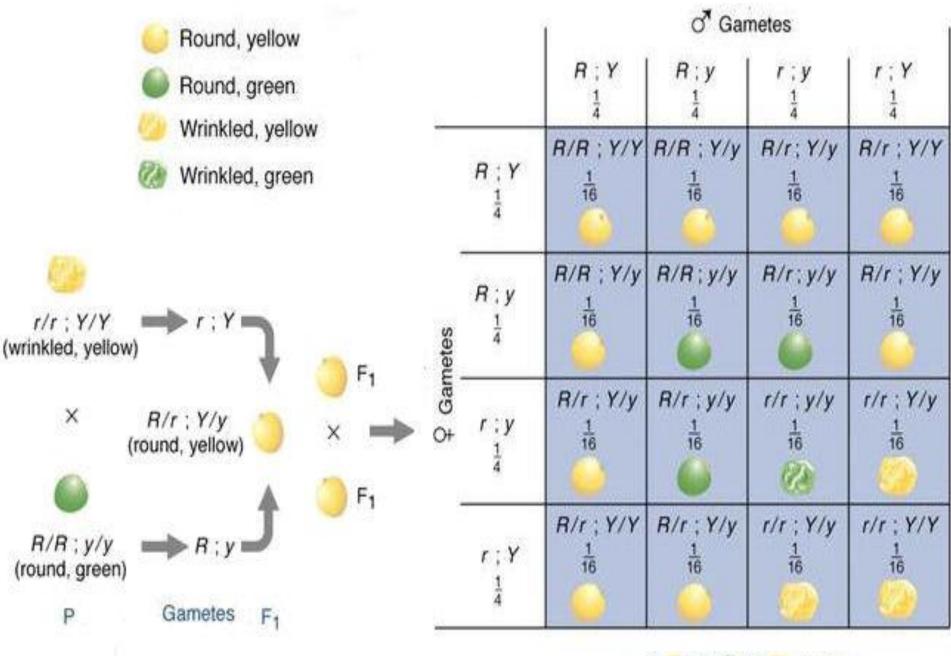
parental generation (P)

F₁ generation

	♂"	pollen			
₽ 🔨		AB	Ab	a8	ab
ovules	<i>A8</i>	<u> </u>	AABb	<u> </u>	AaBb
	Ab	О 448b	⊗ AAbb	Aa8b	S Aabb
	аB	<u> </u>	O AaBb	aaBB	aaBb
	ab	O AaBb	e B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	aaBb	S aabb

F₂ generation

Phenotype ratio: 9:3:3:1
Genotype: 12:4



Dihybrid cross

true-breeding yellow, round peas

> Y = yellow R = round

YYRR



true-breeding green, wrinkled peas

All

y = green

r = wrinkled

generation (hybrids)

yellow, round peas

YyRr

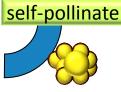
X

HYBRIDS!

100%

generation







9:3:3:1

9/16 yellow round peas

3/16 green round peas

3/16 yellow wrinkled peas

1/16 green wrinkled peas

Dihybrid cross of color and seed shape yRr Dihybrid cross [or yr YR yR **YyRr YyRr** X 9/16 yellow round YR Yr yR yr 3/16 YR **YYRR YYRr YyRR YyRr** green round Yr YYŘr YyŘr **YYrr Yyrr** 3/16 yellow wrinkled yR **VYRR** yyRr 1/16 yr yyRr green Yyrr yyrr wrinkled

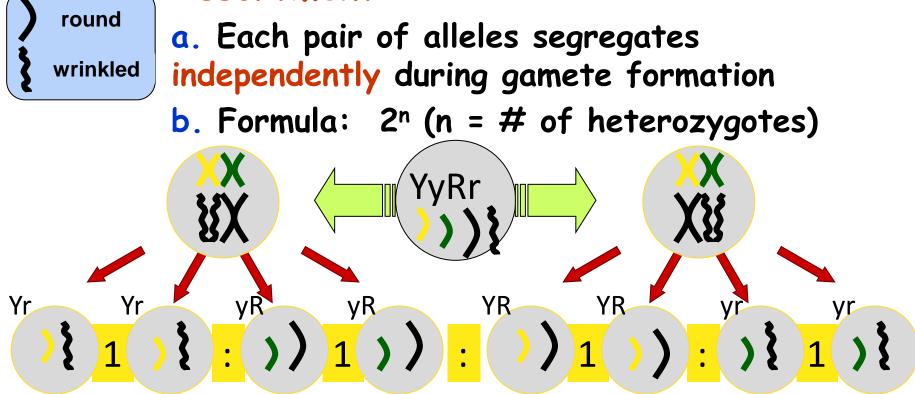
Dihybrid Cross

A breeding experiment that tracks the inheritance of two traits.

Mendel's "Law of Independent Assortment"

yellow

green



Question:

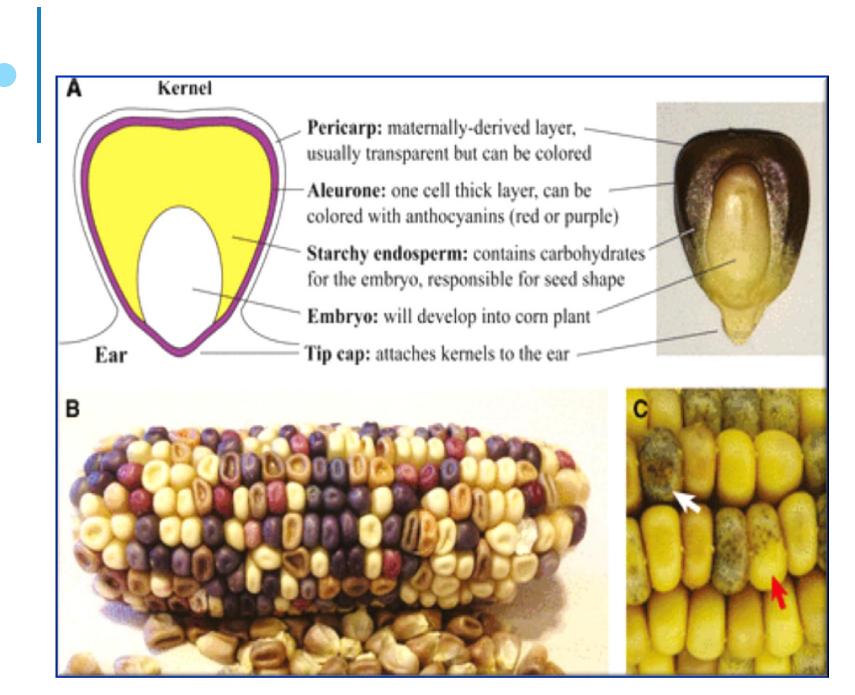
How many gametes will be produced for the following allele arrangements?

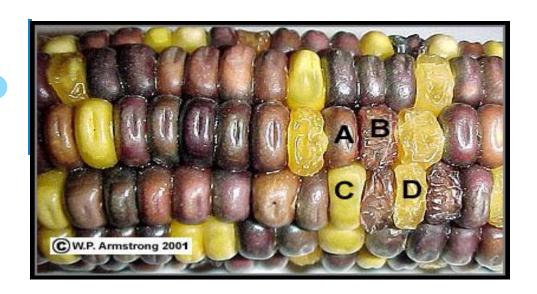
- o 1. AaBbCCDd
- 2. MmNnOoPPQQRrssTtQq



R/_ Su/_: 3R/_su/su: 3r/r Su_,: 1r/r su/su







There are four grain phenotypes in the above ear of genetic corn: Purple & Smooth (A), Purple & Shrunken (B), Yellow & Smooth (C) and Yellow & Shrunken (D). These four grain phenotypes are produced by the following two pairs of heterozygous genes (P & p and S & s) located on two pairs of homologous chromosomes (each gene on a separate chromosome):

Dominant Genes

Recessive Genes

P = Purple

p = Yellow

S = Smooth

s = Shrunken

• • • Dihybrid vs Monohybrid

- o Dihybrid Cross crossing parents who differ in two traits (AAEE with aaee)
- o Monohybrid Cross crossing parents who differ in only one trait (AA with aa)

Test Cross

A mating between an individual of unknown genotype and a homozygous recessive individual.

AaBb X aabb

Phenotype ratio will be :1:1:1:1

Home work:

Write the composition of the Genotype and its ratio to the previous example in a table. And check the ratio phenotype?

••• Home work

- * What is the genotype of the white flowers?
- * What is the phenotype of the genotype RR?
- * What is the type of gametes in the following genotype Aa BB?

منيره الدوسري







