Brief Notes #8

<u>Relationships between Mean and Variance of Normal and Lognormal</u> <u>Distributions</u>

If $X \sim N(m_X, \sigma_X^2)$, then $Y = e^x \sim LN(m_Y, \sigma_Y^2)$ with mean value and variance given by:

$$\begin{cases} m_{Y} = e^{m_{X} + \frac{1}{2}\sigma_{X}^{2}} \\ \sigma_{Y}^{2} = e^{2m_{X} + \sigma_{X}^{2}} (e^{\sigma_{X}^{2}} - 1) \end{cases}$$

Conversely, m_X and ${\sigma_X}^2$ are found from m_Y and ${\sigma_Y}^2$ as follows:

$$\begin{cases} m_{X} = 2ln(m_{Y}) - \frac{1}{2}ln(\sigma_{Y}^{2} + m_{Y}^{2}) \\ \sigma_{X}^{2} = -2ln(m_{Y}) + ln(\sigma_{Y}^{2} + m_{Y}^{2}) \end{cases}$$