



$$\text{If } q = 1.8 \text{ C} \quad \therefore N = \frac{q}{e} = \frac{1.8}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}} \quad (1)$$

$$m = N m_p = \left( \frac{1.8}{1.6 \times 10^{-19}} \right) (1.67 \times 10^{-27}) = 0.187 \times 10^{-6} \text{ kg}$$

$$F = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} = (9 \times 10^9) \frac{(20 \times 10^{-3})(20 \times 10^{-3})}{(20 \times 10^3)^2} = 9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ N} \quad (2)$$

(3)

$E_1 = k \frac{q_1}{r_1^2} = (9 \times 10^9) \frac{(1 \times 10^{-6})}{(9)^2} = 111.1 \text{ N/C}$   
 $E_2 = k \frac{q_2}{r_2^2} = (9 \times 10^9) \left( \frac{1 \times 10^{-6}}{117} \right) = 76.92$   
 $r_2 = \sqrt{9^2 + 6^2} = \sqrt{117} = 10.8$

$$E_{2y} = E_2 \sin \theta = (76.92) \left( \frac{9}{10.8} \right) = 64.1 \quad \text{تحو لايسر}$$

$$E_y = 64.1 - 111.1 = -47.01$$

(4) الزاوية بين المجالين في نقطة P والابتداء كالتالي

$$E_x = E_2 \cos \theta = (76.92) \left( \frac{6}{10.8} \right) = 42.7$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{E_y}{E_x} = \frac{-47.01}{42.7} = -1.1$$

$$\theta = -47.7^\circ$$

$$\theta = 360 - 47.7 = \underline{\underline{312.2^\circ}}$$

$$F = m_p a = qE = eE \quad \therefore a = \frac{eE}{m_p} \quad (5)$$

$$v^2 = 2ax = 2 \left( \frac{eE}{m_p} \right) \left( \frac{L}{2} \right)$$

$$v = \left( \frac{eEL}{m_p} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(6) المسافة التي تقطعها الإلكترون

$$\int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{q_{in}}{\epsilon_0}, \quad E(2\pi rL) = \frac{Q}{\epsilon_0} \quad (7)$$

$$\therefore E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{2Q}{rL} = (9 \times 10^9) \left( \frac{2 \times 20}{20 \times 10^3} \right) \left( \frac{1 \times 10^{-3}}{1 \times 10^{-3}} \right)$$

$$= 1.8 \times 10^{10} \text{ N/C}$$



$$V_B = k \frac{q}{r_B} = (9 \times 10^9) \frac{(8 \times 10^{-9})}{2} = 36 \text{ V} \quad (8)$$

$$V_A = k \frac{q}{r_A} = (9 \times 10^9) \frac{(8 \times 10^{-9})}{8} = 9 \text{ V}$$

$$V_B - V_A = 36 - 9 = 27 \text{ V}$$

$$U = k \left( \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{12}} + \frac{q_1 q_3}{r_{13}} + \frac{q_2 q_3}{r_{23}} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$= 9 \times 10^9 \times 10^{-12} \left( \frac{1 \times 2}{1} + \frac{1 \times 3}{3} + \frac{2 \times 3}{2} \right)$$

$$= 9 \times 10^{-3} (2 + 1 + 3) = (9 \times 10^{-3}) (6)$$

$$= 54 \times 10^{-3} \text{ J}$$

$$\frac{1}{C_1} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2} = 1 \quad \therefore C_1 = 1 \mu\text{F} \quad (10)$$

$$C_2 = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3 \mu\text{F}$$

$$\frac{1}{C_{eq}} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$= \frac{3 + 3 + 2}{6} = \frac{8}{6}$$

$$C_{eq} = \frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4} \mu\text{F}$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V}$$

$$V = \frac{Q}{C} = (3 \times 10^{-6}) \left( \frac{4}{3} \right) \times 10^6 = \underline{\underline{4 \text{ V}}}$$

