| 15 cm on map  | → | 300 m on ground  | unify units  |
|---|---|--|--------------|
| 15 cm on map  | → | 30000 cm on ground   | divide by 15 |
| 1 cm on map   | → | 2000 cm on ground  | scale format |
| <ul><li> Ratio scale:</li><li> Representative</li><li> Engineering Sc</li></ul> |   | $\begin{array}{l} 1:2000\\ 1/2000\\ 1 \ \mathrm{cm} = 20 \ \mathrm{m} \end{array}$ |              |

A circular field has a diameter of 20.0mm on a map of scale 1:500. Compute the ground diameter and perimeter of the field.

| 1 unit on map | → | 500 units on ground |
|---------------|---|---------------------|
|---------------|---|---------------------|

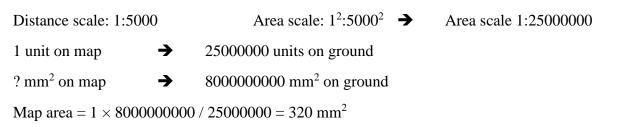
20 mm on map  $\rightarrow$  ? mm on ground

1

Ground diameter =  $20 \times 500 / 1 = 10000 \text{ mm} = 10 \text{ m}$ 

Ground perimeter =  $2\pi r = 2 \times 3.14 \times 5 m = 31.4286 m$ 

A land parcel of planimetric area  $8000.00m^2$  was plotted on a map of scale 1:5000, what is the area of this land on the map (in  $mm^2$ )?

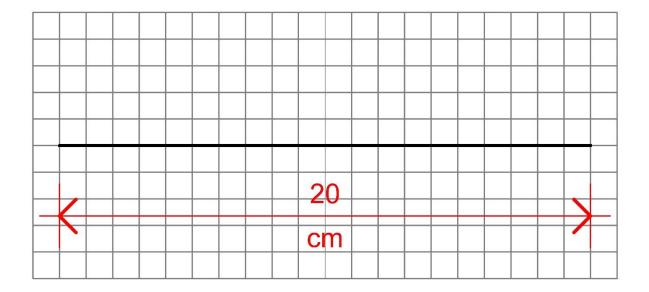


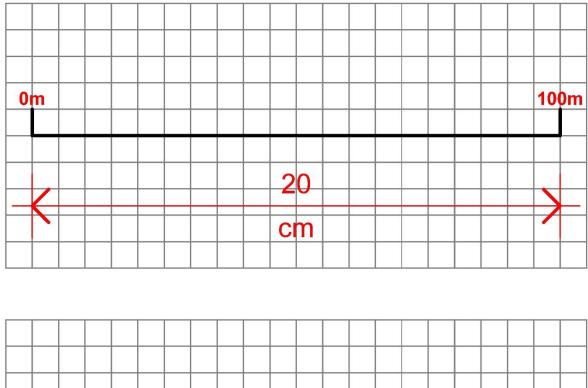
A map distance between two points is 20.0 cm. The corresponding ground distance between these points is 100.00 m. Compute the map scale (write your answer in Rep Fraction, Ratio and engineering scale forms, respectively).

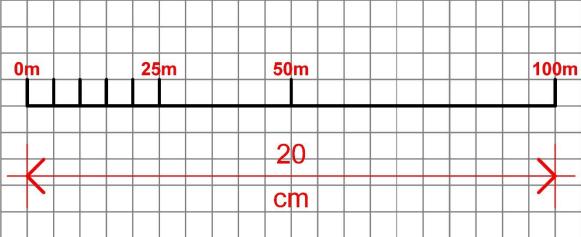
Plot a simple graphical scale for this map scale that can read to 1.0m accuracy.

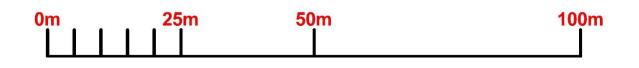
| 20 cm on map | → | 100 m on ground    | unify units  |
|--------------|---|--------------------|--------------|
| 20 cm on map | → | 10000 cm on ground | divide by 20 |
| 1 cm on map  | → | 500 cm on ground   | scale format |

- Ratio scale: 1:500
- Representative Fraction: 1/500
- Engineering Scale: 1 cm = 5 m









| Scale | = length available on the paper $\div$ Maximum length of the land |               |  |
|-------|---|---------------|--|
|       | = 25 cm / 300 m   | → 1 cm / 12 m |  |
|       | = 1 cm / 1200 cm  | → 1: 1200     |  |
|       |   |               |  |

If 25 cm size drawing paper is available, and we want to draw a sketch of a land where the maximum dimension to be plot is 140 m what scale should we use?

| Scale | = length available on the paper $\div$ Maximum length of the land |                |                |  |
|-------|---|----------------|----------------|--|
|       | = 25 cm / 140 m   | → 1 cm / 5.6 m | say 1 cm / 6 m |  |
|       | = 1 cm / 600 cm   | → 1: 600       |                |  |

**Exam Question**: An area of a playground was plotted on a map of scale 1:250. If this area measures  $200 \text{ cm}^2$  on this map, what is the ground area of the playground?

| Distance scale: 1:250   | Area scale: $1^2:250^2$ $\rightarrow$ | Area scale 1:62500 |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1 unit on map →   | 62500 units on ground                 |                    |  |  |
| 200 cm <sup>2</sup> on map $\rightarrow$  | ? cm <sup>2</sup> on ground           |                    |  |  |
| Ground area = $200 \times 62500 / 1 = 12500000 \text{ cm}^2 = 1250 \text{ m}^2$ |                                       |                    |  |  |

## 

## **Exam Question**: A distance AB measures 20 mm on a 1:24000 scale map. The same distance AB measures 30 mm on a second map. What is the scale of the second map?

• First map:

| 1 unit on map →   | 24000 units on ground |                     |              |  |
|---|-----------------------|---------------------|--------------|--|
| 20 mm on map →  | ? mm                  | ? mm on ground      |              |  |
| Ground diameter = $20 \times 24000 / 1 = 480000 \text{ mm} = 480 \text{ m}$ |                       |                     |              |  |
| <ul> <li>Second map:</li> </ul>   |                       |                     |              |  |
| 30 mm on map  | →                     | 480 m on ground     | unify units  |  |
| 30 mm on map  | →                     | 480000 mm on ground | divide by 30 |  |
| 1 mm on map   | →                     | 16000 mm on ground  | scale format |  |

Ratio scale: 1:16000
Representative Fraction: 1/16000
Engineering Scale: 1 mm = 16 m