

جامعة الملك سعود
قسم الإحصاء وبحوث العمليات
الإمتحان النهائي للمقرر 223 أحص
العام 1437 – 1438 الفصل الثاني

الأسم :

$\frac{7}{7}$	السؤال 1
$\frac{2}{2}$	السؤال 2
$\frac{6}{6}$	السؤال 3
$\frac{6}{6}$	السؤال 4
$\frac{6}{6}$	السؤال 5
$\frac{8}{8}$	السؤال 6
$\frac{5}{5}$	السؤال 7
$\frac{40}{40}$	المجموع

المحصلة	الإمتحان النهائي	الأعمال الفصلية
$\frac{100}{100}$	$\frac{40}{40}$	$\frac{60}{60}$

Answer The Questions

Q1 (7M): Let $f(x; \theta) = \theta(1 - x)^{\theta-1}$; $0 < x < 1$, then:

1- Find $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$: (4M)

2- Find $\hat{\theta}_M$: (3M)

Q2(2M): Complete the spaces.....:

$$\frac{\partial \ln L}{\partial \theta} = \frac{n}{(1-\theta)^2} \left[\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \ln x_i}{n} \right) - \left(\frac{\theta-1}{\theta} \right) \right] \Rightarrow \left(\frac{\theta-1}{\theta} \right)_{MLE} = \dots\dots\dots$$

Q3(6M): Let $f(x; \theta)$ be some *pdf*, and if $\pi(\theta|x)$ is the posterior of θ .

Assume that S is *S.S*, and λ, a, b, σ are constants, then **Select two cases** among A, B, C:

A- $\pi(\theta|x) = K(x) \times \frac{\theta^n}{\Gamma n} s^{(n-1)} e^{-\theta s} \times \lambda e^{-\lambda \theta}; \theta \geq 0$

B- $\pi(\theta|x) = K(x) \binom{n}{s} \theta^s (1 - \theta)^{n-s} \times \frac{1}{\beta(a,b)} \theta^{a-1} (1 - \theta)^{b-1}; 0 < \theta < 1$

C- $\pi(\theta|x) = K(x) e^{-\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\theta - (s - \frac{\sigma^2 \lambda}{n})}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} \right]^2}$

1- Discover what is the name of $\pi(\theta|x)$ (2M)

2- Compute T_B of θ (4M)

Q4 (6M) Let $f(x; \theta, \eta) = \theta e^{-\theta(x-\eta)}$; $x > \eta$, then find:

$(\hat{\eta}_M, \hat{\theta}_M)$ Or $(\hat{\eta}_{MLE}, \hat{\theta}_{MLE})$

Q5(6M): Let: $f(x; \theta) = \frac{2x}{\theta^2}$; $x \in (0, \theta)$, : then:

1-Find $\hat{\theta}_{MLE}$: (3M)

2-Compute $E(X)$ and use it to find $\hat{\theta}_M$: (3M)

Q6 (8M): Let $f(x; \theta_1, \theta_2) = \frac{1}{2\theta_2}$; $\theta_1 - \theta_2 \leq x \leq \theta_1 + \theta_2$, then

1- Find $(\hat{\theta}_1)_{MLE}, (\hat{\theta}_2)_{MLE}$.

2- Find $(\hat{\theta}_1)_M, (\hat{\theta}_2)_M$ given that $\mu = \theta_1$ & $\sigma^2 = \frac{1}{3}\theta_2^2$

Q7(5M). Let: $f(x; \theta) = \theta e^{-\theta x}$ and if $\hat{\theta}_{MLE} = 1/\bar{x}$ and if $\tau(\theta) = e^{-\theta}$, and if n is large, then:

a- What is $\widehat{\tau(\theta)}_{MLE} =$

b- What is the distribution of $\widehat{\tau(\theta)}_{MLE}$:

c- What is the expectation of $E[\widehat{\tau(\theta)}_{MLE}] =$

d- If $I = \frac{1}{\theta^2}$, then what is the variance $V[\widehat{\tau(\theta)}_{MLE}]$,

e- Estimate the 95% percentile point of the statistic $\widehat{\tau(\theta)}_{MLE}$: